WASHINGTON (R) - South African President F.W. de Klerk will meet President George Bush at the White House June 18, exactly one week before a White House visit by African National Congress (ANC) leader Nelson Mandele, an administration official said Tuesday. The official, who asked not to be identified, said de Klerk would make an official working visit including lunch with Bush and that Mandela would receive "roughly equal time" with the president. The scheduling of the two visits, specifically which would come first, has been a sensitive protocol question ever since Bush invited them both to the White House after de Klerk freed Mandela Feb. 11 after 27 years in prison. The official could not say why de Klerk would be received first. Bush issued the invitations in a bid to encourage reconciliation between whites and blacks in South Africa and in recognition of de Klerk's willingness to end apartheid and negotiate a politicial settlement with the country's black majority. De Klerk and Mandela held preliminary talks in Cape Town May 2.

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AMMAN WEDNESDAY, MAY 16, SHAWWAL 20, 1410

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1. 50 dirhams

King visite RJ simulator centre

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Tuesday visited the Royal Jordanian's (RI) simultators centre where he was briefed on the centre's progress and the services it offers in the field of training pilots. The King called for providing the best expertise to pilots both from the RI and other airlines. King Hussein wished this national institution every success. The meeting was attended by Prime Minister Mudar Badran, Royal Court Chief Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, the RJ board chairmen and its executive director.

Bhutto in Iran

NICOSIA (AP) - Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto of Pakistan arrived in Tehran Tucaday and called for expansion of "historical and friendly" ties with Iran, the state news agency reported. The Islamic Republic News Agency said she was met at the airport upon arrival from the Iranian holy city of Mashhad by First Vice-President Hassan Habibi. It quoted him as saying he hoped that Bhutto's visit would portend "peace and friendship" in the

Nepal king gives in on power-sharing

KATHMANDU (R) — Nepal's King Birendra agreed Tuesday to dissolve a panel that threatened a move towards democracy and to share power with the interim government, Prime Minister Krishna Prasad Bhattarai sald. Birendra said in a statement after talks with Bhattarai that the prime minister would recommend a new panel to that a constitution and the government should act to repeal or amend laws to help it operate in a multi-party n love at democracy. I am very happy with the result. It must solve the olden Pat present crisis." Bhattarai told reorters, handing them statements outlining his agreement with the

Oman locust situation contained

MUSCAT (AP) — Agriculture fieldworkers battling locust ed Carre 🖎 swarms in northern Oman said Tuesday that the outbreak remained confined and did not pose a threat to vegetation in neighbouring United Arab Emirates (UAE). Wind patterns would tend to move swarms towards Iran and Pakistan and not into the UAE, State Agriculture Research Department Director Tarik Zedgaly said in a telephone interview with the Associated Press. He was speaking from Masna'ah on the locust-attacked Batinah coast, 112 kilometres northwest of the capital Muscat. The locust incident in Oman was the first this year on the Arabian

Bashir sends message to Assad

iis Ou = DAMASCUS (R) - Sudan's Inferior Minister Paisal Abu Salch has arrived in Damascus with a message for President Hafez Al Assad from Sudanese leader Omar Hassan Al Bashir, officials said Tuesday. Diptomats said his talks were expected to cover an Arab summit in Baghdad May 28. Sodan is one of at least 19 Arab League members to declare support for the meeting.

Mayor charged with ordering demolition of mosque in France

LYON (AP) - A small-town mayor has been charged with interfering with religious freedom by ordering the demolition of a wing of an abandoned factory that was being used as a mosque. Gerard Dezempte, mayor of Charviey-Chavagneux in castem France, maintained his innocence during Monday's court hearing in Lyon. He said he assigned a buildozer to demolish the north wing of the building, and that it accidentally razed the south wing. Five people were sleeping in the wing when the buildozer arrived last August 16 at 7 a.m. and began the demolition. One of the occupants was slightly wounded. The local Muslim community accused Dezempte of racism and rejected his claim that the demolition was accidental.

Jawara ends visit affirming support for Palestinians

AMMAN (J.T.) — Gambian support from the very begin-President Dawda Kairaba Jawara left Amman Tuesday after a three-day visit reaffirming the support of his country as well as the Organisation of African Unity (OAU) for the Arab call for an international peace conference on the Middle East.

Gambia and the OAU support a just and durable solution to the Palestinian problem and believe that an international peace conference held under the auspices of the United Nations can lead to such a solution, Jawara told Jordan Television in a pre-departure interview.

Most African countries, and the OAU in particular, support the Palestinian cause and it was in a show of solidarity with the Arabs that most OAU countries broke diplomatic relations with Israel after the Jewish state occupied Arab territories in the 1967 war, Jawara told Jordan Television. "The evolution of the approach to find a solution to the problem, and in particular the call for an international conference under the auspices of the

ning," Jawara said.

According to the Jordan News Agency, Petra, Jawara's visit has laid the ground work for future relations between the Kingdom and the African Islamic country. Talks between His Majesty

King Hussein and the Gambian president focused on various Middle East and African issues and prospects for Jordanian-Gambian cooperation in light of changes in the international scene, Petra said.

The two countries do not have diplomatie ties and earlier reports said an announcement of formal relations could come during Jawara's visit, which, according to Petra, "allowed for building strong future ties."

The Gambian president, who was accompanied by his wife and a high-level official delegation. toured a number of archaeological and touristic sites and visited universities and hospitals.

The Gambian president was seen off upon his departure Tuesday by King Hussein, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. U.N. with the full participation of Prime Minister Mudar Badran the Palestine Liberation Orga-misation (PLO), received our full and high-ranking officials.

Gorbachev, Mubarak condemn settlements

bachev Tuesday signed a declaration condemning the settlement of Soviet Jews in the occupied territorics.

In an historic visit that ended 18 years of strained telations, Muberak met Gorbachev for 90 minutes in the Kremiio before the

two leaders signed the document. It said Palestinians should choose their own destiny and described the Israeli occupation

of Arab Jerusalem as illegal and a dangerous obstacle to peace.

The two leaders also called for an international peace conference under United Nations auspices to discuss the occupied West Bank

and Gaza Strip. The declaration scaled diplomatic ties which were soured when former President Anwar Sadat turned to the West in the

In September 1981, a month before he was assessinated by religious zealots, Sadat broke off ties with Moscow and accused it of plotting against the Egyptian

"The meeting was important job training.

MOSCOW (Agencies) — Egyp- considering the Soviet Union's tian President Hosni Mubarak increasing role on the internaer Mikhail Gor- tional stage and Egypt's leadership role in the Middle East,' an Egyptian diplomat said.

The Egyptian president has been invited to address the Supreme Soviet, the country's parliament. Wednesday. He would be the first foreign leader ever to do

Israel approves more funds

The Israeli cabinet has approved an emergency plan under which it will spend an additional 2.5 billion shekels (\$1.25 billion) to absorb 150,000 Soviet Jews expected to arrive in this fiscal year.

The original 1990 budget. based on an estimate of only 40,000 Soviet Jews arriving in Israel carmarked 1.8 billion shekels (\$900 million) for immigrant absorption.

The new immigration package will include an additional 100 million shekels (\$50 million) for housing, 112 million shekels (\$56 million) for education and 16 million shekels (\$8 million) for

Debt, Soviet Jews high on Ben Ali-Bush agenda

WASHINGTON (AP) - President George Bush welcomed Tunisian President Zine Al Abidine Ben Ali to the White House Tuesday, hailing him as an ally and an advocate of peaceful settlement to the Arab-Israeli con-

"Your visit continues a tradition of high-level discussions, demonstrating that our relations dating back to 1797 and close since Tunisian independence in 1956 - are still sound and growing," Bush said.

On a warm spring day, Ben Ali was treated to the pomp and ceremony of a formal welcome to the White House, with military bands and colourful honour guards on the South Lawn.

The Tunisian leader planned to ask Bush for debt relief and to express the Arab World's alarm over growing Soviet immigration to Israel.

Ben Ali also was expected to protest what Arab countries view as unjustified U.S. and British attacks on Iraq for its alleged attempts to develop nuclear

Weapens. Praising Tunisia as an intries and the West, Bush said. White House dinner.

"It's been an example of pragmatism, stability and progress in the Middle East.

"And Tunisia has consistently supported a peaceful, negotiated resolution to the Middle East issues, including the Arab-Israeli conflict," Bush said.

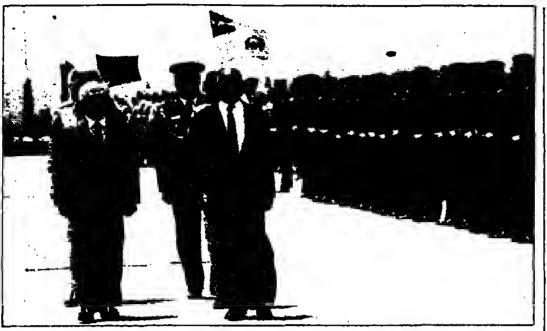
He said Tunisia's record is impressive in other areas, as well, since it has the highest, literacy rate in North Africa and consistently has honoured its debt obligations.

Bel Ali thanked Bush for U.S. assistance over the years.

"We are pleased to say that we are committed as firmly as you are to the ideals of democracy, human rights and free market economy, for such are our fundamental choices," Ben Ali said.

"And we are confident that you will continue supporting and strengthening these options," be

Ben Ali, who arrived here Monday for a three-day state visit, has a busy schedule including meetings with administration officials, lawmakers, leaders of the International Monetary Fund termediary between Arab coun- and World Bank, and a gala



His Majesty King Hussein and Gambian President Dawda Jawara inspect a guard of honour mounted

Tuesday upon the departure of the Gambian leader after a three-day state visit (Petra photo).

4 Palestinians killed as strike marks Israel creation

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM mim residents went wild. They (Agencies) - The bodies of three stoned Arab homes near the road Palestinians, including a village to Jerusalem, tried to yank Arabs leader who was stabbed to death, out of their cars and disrupted were found in the occupied West traffic," a police spokeswoman Bank Tuesday. A 14-year-old told Renters. Palestinian also died of wounds after being shot earlier by a Jewish settler.

Throughout the occapied lands, Palestinians staged a protest strike to mark the 42nd anniversary of the founding of stoned and injured Monday

Jewisb settlers rampaged through Arab neighbourhoods in the Jerusalem area early Tuesday, smashing car and house windows, after Palestinians firebombed an Israeli bus.

Settlers from Maale Adumim a West Bank dormitory town perched on hills just outside Jeruafter a petrol bomb hit a bus on settler was arrested, police said. "Several groups of Maale Adu-

Protests

Latvia

pendence campaign.

in Estonia.

VILNIUS (Agencies) — Demon-

strators tore down Estonia's flag

and thousands of Soviet soldiers

tried to break into the Latvian

parliament Tuesday in protests

against the Baltic republics' inde-

Lithuanian President Vytautas

Landsbergis, in a radio interview

State James Baker flew to Mos-

cow for an arms summit.

appealed to the Americans to

raise the issue of Baltic independ-

A pro-Moscow crowd in the

Estonian capital of Talling

advanced on the 14th century Toompea Palace and tore down

the republic's blue, white and

black flag, which was raised last

week when lawmakers voted for

independence, witnesses said.

The anti-independence protesters

briefly raised the Soviet Union's

red hammer-and-sickle flag over

But Estonian Prime Minister

Edgar Savisaar delivered a live

radio address urging pro-

independence forces to converge

on the palace. They heeded his

call and restored the Estonian

A large pro-independence de-

monstration continued into the

night, said Alan Mortenson, an

employee of the Estonian news

agency ETA. Lemby Tugane of

the Estonian Popular Front gave

a similar account by telephone

Meanwhile about 2,000 people

opposed to Estonian independ-

ence tried to storm the parlia-

ment building Tuesday but were

driven away by crowds who rai-

lied to a radio appeal for help, the

republic's foreign minister said.

to 20,000 people rushed here and

force," Leanart Meri told Reu-

ters from his office, near the

besieged building in the capital,

"After the broadcast, some 15

flag, the witnesses said.

the legislature.

from Tallinn.

ence with Soviet leaders.

She said the settlers stoned houses in the villages of Ayzariya and Issawiya outside Jerusalem. The army clamped a curfew on Ayzariya, a frequent ambush spot

Five employees of the Arabic Al Fajr newspaper were injured by flying glass when 50 settlers yelling "Death to Arabs" stoned their car, an Arab journalist told

where a Jewish taxi driver was

Renters. In the West Bank village of Qalqilya, 14-year-old Samih Abu Sheikh died from wounds sussalem, attacked Arah motorists tained when he was shot in the head by an Israeli motorist Sunthe road to their settlement. One day, the army said. Palestinians

said a settler shot him. On Monday night, police shot

and killed Khamis Abu Khousa. 19, in a clash with masked activists in an orchard in the Gaza Strip, military sources said.

Israel Radio said the village headman of Balaa in the West Bank was stabbed to death by militants who accused him of collaborating with Israeli forces.

and Gaza Strip closed their shops, halted transport and stayed home to protest at the anniversary of Israel's establishment.-Israelis celebrated the anniversary on April 30 according to the Hebrew calendar.

A general strike called by lead-

some 250,000 Gazans, more than a third of the strip's residents, to prevent protests during the

Palestinians in the West Bank

ers of the 29-month uprising also prevented most workers from the occupied territories from going to jobs in Israel. Some 120.000 Arab workers pour into Israel daily.

The army imposed a curfew on

Shamir seeks more time to form coalition

time to try to forge a right-wing government when his three-week mandate expires Friday, a Likud Party cabinet member said Tues-

day. Asked if Shamir, the Likud leader, could form a coalition this week, Labour and Social Affairs Minister Ronni Milo told reporbroadcast as U.S. Secretary of

"No I don't think so. We are going to conclude negotiations and agreements with the other parties this week and then I believe that next week we have a good chance to present the new government in the Knesset (pariament)."

Milo met the National Religious Party as part of a drive for agreements with four religious narties and three right-wing factions that would give Shamir 65 votes in the 120-seat parliament. At present he only has 61 committed supporters.
A 15-month-old coalition be-

tween Likud and the Labour Party collapsed in March due to differences over a U.S. proposal to hold the first-ever Palestinian-Israeli talks in Egypt. Herzog asked Shamir to form

the government nearly three weeks ago after Labour leader Shimon Peres failed to form a left-wing coalition. Shamir's media adviser Avi

Pazner told Reuters differences persisted with Liknd's potential partners on the policy platform for a right-wing government.

Israel Radio said Shamir told the small parties the new cabinet would be committed to last year's mitiative but would not allow Palestinian elections to include Arab Jerusalem. The far-right groups oppose the initiative. The Shas party, which helped

bring down the coalition in repulsed the mob without use of March, wants the new government to give a positive answer to U.S. Secretary of State James Baker's proposals for Israeli-Palestinian peace talks in Cairo.

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Prime
Minister Yitzhak Shamir will ask

The radio said Shas was demanding that its five deputies be free President Chaim Herzog for more to vote according to their consciences on diplomatic efforts. Shamir rejected their demand saving that the previous government collapsed over the process, it said.

the various parties, Pazner said. Peres-Rabin clash

distribution of cabinet seats for

Likud was also negotiating the

Meanwhile Former Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin Tuesday stepped up his bid to oust Peres, demanding that the Labour Party elect a new leader by next week

Peres, 66, rejected the call, insisting the party should wait until it becomes clear whether Likud will be able to form a coalition government.

Rabin, who served as prime minister from 1974-77, opened his campaign two weeks ago after Peres failed to form a government and was forced to give the mandate to Shamir.

Peres and Rabin, longtime intraparty rivals who have not battled in public since the first Labour-Likud coalition was formed in 1984, openly clashed during the weekly meeting of the party leadership Monday night.

Rabin said Peres had abandoned a position in a joint government for the opposition and said the party should choose a new leader by next week. Peres' attempt to form a

Labour government was "a complete failure, conceptually and practically," Rabin said on Israel Radio Tuesday. "There is a feeling in the party that it and the country experi-

enced a shock and as a result, we have to draw conclusions in all areas, including personnel," Rabin said Peres resisted the demand. saying he was elected for a period

of four years and would not agree to leadership elections until the process of forming a government was completed.

Cabinet approves accord with UAE

rotation.

AMMAN (Petra) — The Cabinet Tuesday authorised Industry and Trade Minister Ziad Fariz to exchange instruments of ratification of an economie, commercial, and technical cooperation agreement with the United Arab Emirates (UAE). The agreement was concluded in June 1989 to encourage the export and import of agricultural, and industrial products between the two countries. The agreement also provides for giving prinrity in transporting goods from and to both countries to Jordanian and UAE vehicles. It called for increased technical cooperation and for the exchange of experts in addition to encouraging the transfer of capitals between the two countries, and giving such capitals the privileges, guarantees and rights contained m the wider agreement on the investment of Arab capitals in

Arab states. The Jordan-UAE agreement calls for offering all necessary

facilities to encourage setting up joint companies and projects. A special committee made up of representatives of the two countries will be formed to follow

up on the implementation of the

agreement's provisions. The com-

Jerusalem panel named At a session held Tuesday, the Cabinet approved the formation of the Awgaf and Islamie Affairs Council in Jerusalem, with Sbeikh Saaduddin Al Alami as president. Sheikh Abdul Azim

mittee will meet annually or at

the request of one of the parties

in Amman and Abu Dhabi by

. Salhab was named vice-president, and Sheikh Ukrimah Sahri. Adnan Al Husseini, Sheikh Mohammad Hussein, Sheikh Hayyan Al Idris, Sheikh Mohammad Nafe, Abdul Rahim Al Hanbali, Sheikh Mustaf Abu Zahra, Sheikh Hamed Al Bitawi and Sheikh Ali Al Tazziz were named

The Cabinet also approved a 'readable information system' provided by the French government as a donation to Jordan to help it provide information to visitors and tourists around the clock. The system is made up of a central computer and 40 monitors, which will be stationed in various touristic and archaeological sites in Jordan.

Low voter turnout forces extended voting in Zarqa

By Salameh Ne'matt Special to the Jordan Times

ZARQA — Zarqa, the Kingdom's second largest city, Tuesday held its first municipal elec-

turnout forced the governor to extend voting for another day. Voting was visibly slow all day at the city's 12 polling centres and it appeared that more women than men were voting to choose 10 council members out of a field of 54 candidates. Voting resumes Wednesday morning and ends at

Election Officials said that by the closing of voting at 7:00 p.m. Tuesday only 17,000 people out of 63,000 eligible voters had cast their votes. Some observers attributed the low turnont to lastminute deals between and among candidates and constituencies, while residents said the phenomenon was an expression of

"People are frustrated." a Zarqs resident told the Jordan Times. "They have no hope in the whole exercise. They have always been like this and Zarqa elections always took two days." Mohammad Al Aklouk, a candidate of the "Zarqa Islamic

the Muslim Brotherhood, would probably dominate the elections. However, he added, "it is not yet clear to what extent; it is very difficult to judge." Most election observers who

bloc," said that Islamists, led by

tions since 1978, but a low voter spoke to the Jordan Times turnout forced the governor to asserted that the nine-member "Islamic Action Bloc" - with five of its candidates official members of the Muslim Brotherhood — was the most powerful. Yasser Omari, leader of the bloc. is said by many to bave been the most active in urging people, particularly women, to go to the

> However, Omari Is being boycotted by some Islamists who say they would not elect him to a post that would involve rendering services or dealing with bars and liquor stores as well as dealing with commercial banks which charge and give interest on deposits and loans, contrary to Isla-

mic law. But, a taxi driver said, "everybody is voting for Omari. The Bani Hassan Bedouin tribe, the higgest single voting bloc in Zarga after the Muslim

date in each of the five blocs (Continued on page 5)

Brotherhood, is fielding a candi-

Baker in Moscow to prepare for summit

MOSCOW (AP) - U.S. Secretary of State James Baker arrived in Moscow Tuesday for a fourday visit aimed at working out arms control agreements with the Soviet Union for signing at the fast-approaching Washington summit.

Baker's aides are not predicting success. "By the end of the week we should know a lot more," a senior U.S. official said before Baker left the United States Monday night.

The four days of talks are Baker's last chance to work out agreements with Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze for signing during the May 30-June 3 visit to Washington of Soviet President Mikhail Gor-

The two sides are in disagreement on several key issues. The Soviet Union's internal problems also could get in the way.

"The general assumption is that (Gorbachev) has increasingly acquired more of the formal power." said the senior U.S. official, who demanded anonymity. "On the other hand, his difficulties with the economy and nationalities, and the general level of dissatisfaction have, perhaps, limited his ability to use that pow-

Other topics Baker will take up with Shevardnadze starting Wednesday include the restive Baltic republics and outbreaks of 'anti-Semitism" in the Soviet Union. The two foreign ministers also will discuss accords on space, the environment and trade being prepared for the summit.

On his way to Moscow, Baker stopped in New York to make a speech, promising to keep U.S. troops in Europe even if the treaties are concluded.

"Even if all Soviet armed forces return to the USSR and conventional arms control moves forward, the Soviet military will retain forces many times larger than those possessed by any other single state." Baker said.

He said the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) would not dissolve, either, "To prevent war, we must continue to deter aggression and contain the residual threat," Baker said.

He suggested the Western alliance take on more of a political role, however, and consider holding "a solid political and military dialogue," with the Soviet Union and the countries of Central and Eastern Europe.

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U.K. experts link Frankfurt customs seizure to Iraqi gun

FRANKFURT (R) — British military experts say machine parts seized at Frankfurt airport are probably part of a planned Iraqi cannon, a spokesman for the Frankfurt customs office said Tuesday.

Experts from Britain's Ministry of Defence had examined some of the shipment and discovered .they matched other parts seized in Britain. "It is clear that the parts fit together exactly," the

Malik Radif Al Ubaidi, counsellor at the Iraqi embassy in Bonn said he had no details of the goods seized at Frankfurt airport in April.

But he added: "The parts that have been seized in London, in Turkey and now in West Germany are not parts of a supergun, but for the petrochemical indus-

The seizures will continue the debate on whether Iraq is building a giant 40-metre (120 foot) cannon, capable of reaching targets as far away as Israel, Iran

In the last month officials have confiscated steel pipes and other parts in Britain, Italy, Turkey and Greece. Defence experts say the parts probably form part of a

Iraq has continually denied it is building a cannon, saying items reseized were to be used in the oil

Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq parts) are obviously designed to

Aziz protested to Italy Monday, over the seizure of 90 tonnes of steel components which police say could also be part of the alleged Iraqi gun. "This contract was fully legal, fully normal and at the last moment it was seized.'

Aziz told reporters in Rome. "There has been a big be which originated from London that the Iraqis are building a supergun and they are using these pipes. That is untrue," Aziz said.

The 17 crates of machine tools seized in Frankfurt weighed in at 37 tonnes and were destined for Baghdad. Pictures of one item. show a large dull steel pipe about four metres long with a diameter of about 60 centimetres.

The crates came from Belgium and Switzerland and had been described to customs as oil industry equipment.

The spokesman said parts seized by West German customs included hydraulie pamps. Although these could be used for other purposes, investigators were certain they were parts of a

giant gun.
"Looking at the measurements and the criteria we already have, at the end of the day they (the

build a supergun in Iraq," the state-owned steelmaker of spokesman said.

At the West German State Prosecutor's office, a spokesman said investigations into the customs' seizure were under way and likely to last for some time.

Investigations centred on possible breach of West German restrictions on arms exports. West German law prevents the export of arms to war zones, although members of the opposition Social Democratic Party have .claimed such export rules are frequently breached.

The spokesman said he could not rule out that some parts were

made in West Germany. Some of the crates bore markings from West German industrial giant Mannesmann and its subsidiary Brueninghaus Hydraulikwerke, which makes hydraulic equipment, the spokesman

Mannesmann spokesman Friedrich Schunder said part of the shipment seized in Frankfurt appeared to consist of Buerninghaus hydraulic pumps, but he said Buerninghaus had not delivered hydraulic equipment directly to

Iraq.
Mannesmann was trying to find out to whom the pumps, which had non-military use, had been delivered. "We do not consider ourselves (in the issue)," he said.

The Italian and Iraqi foreign

ministers met Monday as Italy

alleged components for an Iraqi "super gun" capable of firing nuclear or chemical weapons.

Prosecutors said an Italian is being questioned on suspicion of illegal arms trafficking in the

Anthorities last week announced the seizure of nearly 100 tons of steel tubing and other parts about to be shipped out of Italy to Baghdad.

The Italian Foreign Ministry said only that Italian Foreign Minister Gianni de Michelis met with Aziz but did not say what they discussed. Nearly all the seized compo-

nents came from a foundry in the Umbrian city of Terni that is part of Ilva Spa, a state-owned company that is the world's fifth-largest steelmaker.

Meanwhile Britain's ambas dor to Iraq, recalled in March in protest at the execution of British-based journalist Farzad Bazoft, will return to Baghdad this week, the Foreign Office said

Relations between the two countries suffered a severe blow after Britain condemned the execution of Iranian-born Bazoft as barbarie" and summoned Ambassador Haroid Walker for consultation.

Britain's response prompted mass anti-British demonstrations probed the manufacture by a outside its embassy in Baghdad.

Arab-Americans 'become' political force in U.S.

From the Washington Post and the Washington Times

WASHINGTON — A bipartisan group of Arab-American congressmen, state lawmakers, mayors and party officials from around the country proclaimed their arrival as a political force in American politics over the

"For Ed Rollins and Ron Brown to be willing to attend our conference shows the phenomenal maturation of Arab-Americans politically," said George Salem, a lawyer of Palestinian descent who was labour department solicitor in the Reagan administration and chairman of Arab-Americans for Bush-Quayle in '88,

Mr. Rollins, co-chairman of the National Republican Conpressional Committee, and Mr. Brown, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, addressed the three-day meeting of more than 200 Arab-Amer- lah Abbott.

At a private White House briefing, administration officials also encouraged the group.

"This is the first time I've met with an Arab-American group to hear its point of view in the two years I've been with the Bush administration," a White House official said.

"I've met 15 times with the leaders of the other (pro-Israel) side in the last month," the official, said, according to conference sources.

"When we have national pundits coming to our conference, we know we've arrived," James Zogby, executive director of Arah American Institute, said at a banquet honouring author and human-rights spokesman Edward Said, former American Enterprise Institute Chairman William J. Baroody Jr. and former Takoma Park Mayor Sammie Abdul-

The "pundits" were New Republic senior editor Morton Kondracke and syndicated columnist Patrick J. Buchanan, who held a "crossfire" style debate at the conference luncheon Saturday.

Mr. Kondracke twice surprised the pro-Palestinian audience. "Sure. I think there should be a Palestinian state," he said, although he questioned the intentions of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) toward

In response to another ques-tion from the audience, Kondracke said the New Republic is widely regarded as a Zionist publication - and correctly so."

Buchanan, asked what had prompted him to move from a strongly pro-Israel position while an official in the Reagan White House to the pro-Palestinian views expressed in his columns, cited the "intiafada," the Palestinian uprising in the Israeli-occu-

pied West Bank and Gaza Strip. National leaders from the Democratic and Republican parties have encouraging Arab American political activists more inolved in the national political

process. "I wanted to come here and be with you to say that our arms are open, that our hearts are open. that our minds are open," Brown told the nearly 200 Arab Americans attending a three-day leadership conference.

"This was not the case in days past," said Zogby. "Then the message was: "We can't afford your involvement; it's too risky."

Rollins urged the group to find positive ways to communicate its message. "To have political effectiveness, you can't labour under negative stereotypes," he said, noting that much of "the focus is on your radical side." Correcting that misrepresentation, Rollins said, is as important as tactical

Democracy march shows new force in Algeria

By Philip Shehadi

ALGIERS — Tens of thousands of Algerians who joined a prodemocracy march in the capital last Thursday showed the limits of Muslim fundamentalism in Algeria hut they have yet to coalesce into an effective political

A loose coalition of moderate and leftist parties organised the nationwide march, mobilising large numbers of Algerians from

all walks of life. Political analysts said the irapressive showing could foreshadow the emergence of what Algeria's fledging multi-party democracy now lacks - a credible liberal successor to the widely discredited ruling party, the National Liberation Front

A month ahead of the first free elections, the march showed that vast numbers of Aigerians do not accept the Islamie Salvation Front (FIS) as the only alternative to the FLN after 27 years of

one-party rule. But the pro-democracy forces still needed to define common objectives and project a compelling vision of Algeria's future, the

analysts said. The alternative to the FIS has not yet coalesced. What the prodemocracy forces need to do is to organise themselves into a party and give Algerians a real alternative to both the FLN and the FIS," said one senior Western

"It's one thing to turn people out on the streets, and another to organise a coherent political force," he said.

diplomat.

By most counts the four organising parties succeeded in surpassing the 50,000 to 60,000 FIS supporters that marched on the presidential palace last month.

The pro-democracy march impressed observers not only by its numbers - more than 100,000 by most independent accounts but by the breadth of support. While the FIS march was

dominated by the crisis-hit young

urban poor, the pro-democracy marchers appeared more representative of Algerian society grouping middle-class professionals. non-Arah Berbers and women alarmed by the rise of rian considerations. fundamentalism as well as unemployed youthi.

"The silent majority bas spoken" proclaimed state media that loudly supported the event. But the non-fundamentalist

opposition remains deeply divided and some major parties such as the Socialist Forces Front (FFS) of revolutionary war hero Hocine Ait Ahmad - refused to take part. The FFS has its own march set for May 31.

Analysts said the FIS was now under increasing pressure to moderate its vision of Islam to counter widespread belief that it opposes political pluralism and social tolerance.

A series of attacks by Muslim extremists on women and entertainment venues deemed offensive to Islam during the recent holy month of Ramadan led many Algerians to equate the FIS with violence — a charge it bitterly rejects.

In a first response, the fiery young FIS preacher Ali Benhadi

told a Priday prayer sermon the fundamentalists would pursue their goal on an Islamic state even if blood had to be spilled.

The road toward an Islamic state is marked with tears and blood," he told several thousand. supporters at the capital's Al Sunna Mosque.

"Women were shouting in the streets for a free and democratic Algeria," Benhadj said, referring to a large contingent of feminists in the pro-democracy march. "We say: Algeria can only be Islamic

President Chadli Benjedid joined a chorus of criticism of fundamentalist thought from Islamic scholars at a conference in Algiers last week, saying Islam and politics should not mix.

Irish envoy appeals for release of Keenan

Ambassador Antoin Mac Unfraidh appealed Tuesday to the kidnappers of hostage Brian Keenan to release him and all other hostages out of humanita-

"Mr. Keenan does not belong to an imperialist country. He comes from a poor and small country that had its share of war," Mac Unfraidh said at a news conference at the Irish consulate in west Beirut.

Mr. Brian Keenan to release him and other hostages in the name of humanity," said the ambassador. who is resident in Iraq and accredited to Lebanon, Iraq, Jordan, Kuwait and Cyprus.

Keenan's fate." Keenan, 39, of Belfast in British-ruled Northern Ireland. was an English teacher at the American University in Beirut when kidnapped on April 11, 1986. He also holds British

nationality. abduction.

"We are in this mood that all hostages will be released. We call. on all those who can influence the holders to maintain their efforts so that al hostages are freed,"

The ambassador said he had Fadlallah, "with whom I find discussions on all matters very

of the pro-Iranian Hizbollah, or Party of God, believed umbrella

professor Robert Polhill, 55, a

BEIRUT (Agencies) - Irish New Yorker, after 39 months of

"I appeal to those who hold

Mac Unfraidh flew to Beirut Monday to try to obtain new information on Keenan's welfare. He said he was on a factfinding visit following the recent release of two American hostages, "and not prompted by any new developments on Mr.

No group has claimed his

Mac Unfraidh said.

only met with Sheikh Hussein Fadlallah is the spiritual guide

for hostage-holding cells. Mac Unfraidh said he has no plans to meet with Hussein Mnsawi, reputed mentor of Islamic Jihad for the Liberation of Palestine. The group released

captivity on April 22. Another group calling itself the Organisation of Islamic Dawn freed American hostage Frank Herbert Reed, 57, of Malden, Massachussetts, eight days later. Reed brought the first word

about Kenaan's welfare, saying he had spent most of his captivity with the Irishman and British journalist John McCarthy. McCarthy, a television journal

ist, was kidnapped on April 17, 1986. No group has claimed him.
The 16 Westerners held in Lebanon are six Americans, four Britons, two West Germans, two Swiss, an Irishman and an Italian.

> Waite is well after Illness'

Meanwblle, pro-Iranian sources said in Beirut Tuesday British Church envoy Terry Waite is alive and well after 40 months as a hostage in Lebanon and has recovered from a recent

They said two Iranian doctors attended Waite regularly until his eondition worsened about a month ago, when be was treated by a doctor from Beirut's American University Hospital.

One source said an end to the plight of all Western hostages, including six Americans and three Britons, was near. He said Washington and Tehran were holding direct talks on the issue.

"Waite is being held in acceptable conditions in the southern suburbs (of Beirut) and is receiving regular medical attention," he

The sources, close to the groups holding Waite, 51, and 14 other Westerners in Lebanon, would not say what Waite suffered from. They said he had had "several health problems."

"Two Iranian doctors attend regularly to him but around a month ago his condition deteriorated and a Lebanese doctor from the American Hospital in Beirut treated him and he has recovered," one source said.

human rights lawyer quits

Israeli

WASHINGTON - For 23 years, ever since Israel occupied the West Bank and Gaza Strip, a short, burly lawyer named Felicia Langer has haunted the crowded conrtrooms where the army administers justice to rebellious Palestinians. Prosecutors seeking summary convictions have had to bear her interference; defendants, with little hope of mercy, have counted on her passionate summations to affirm their

Langer, a 59-year-old Holocaust survivor, has rarely won a case. And yet for years, when Arabs have been arrested on political charges, faced deportation or the demolition of their homes. or fallen victim to soldiers' brutality, their families have looked for justice at her shabby Jerusalem Officeu - Anni

Now, as Israel's military. machine relentlessly grinds down the 30-month old Palestinian intifada, or uprising, in the occu-pied Arab lands, Langer has decided to quit. She has closed her Jerusalem office, packed her thousands of files and retreated shares with ber busband in a drab Tel Aviv high-rise.

"I want my quitting to be a sort of demonstration and expression of my despair and disgust with the system, and maybe as a proof that something must be done to grant protection to the Palestinians in the occupied territories," she said,

Arab-American conference discusses problems, aspirations

WASHINGTON (USIA) — The Arab American Institute (AAI) held its fifth annual leadership conference here on May 10-12, attracting more than 200 Arab-American leaders from 26 states for a weekend of briefings, seminars and workshops devoted to the Arab-American community's problems and aspirations.

With "Campaign 90: Year of Challenge and Change" as its theme, the conference also hronght together 19 Arah-American elected officials, leaders of 12 national Arab-American organisations, and parliamentarians from three Arah countries.

The conference programme included discussions of political action, the intifada, problems of American cities, and democracy in Arab countries. The latter subject was discussed by the three visiting Arab parliamentarians ---Dr. Lila I. Takla of Egypt, Butros Harb of Lebanon, and Laith F.

Shubeilat of Jordan. Conference participants also honoured the accomplishments of

Edward Said, human rights defender, author, professor of comparative literature and music critic, at its banquet on May 12. Said was recognised for his efforts in urging the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) to take a clear stand on recognising Israel's right to exist and in the drafting of the Palestinian declaration of

In one of the conference sessions, commentators Morton Kondracke, senior editor of the 'New Republic", and Patrick J. Bnchanan, a syndicated columnist, debated the intifada and other Israeli-Palestinian issues. Most of the conference,

however, dealt with political action in the United States. "Get involved in politics if you want to make a difference," was the overriding message that con-

ference participants received. Civil rights leader and former presidential candidate Jesse Jackson, addressing a dinner on May 11, called on Arab Americans to become even more forceful in

them to hold demonstrations and rallies much as the hlacks had done in the 1960s "to challenge the conscience of the American

Democratie Party National Chairman Ron Brown addressed trhe AAI luncheon on May 11, saying the "arms, hearts, and minds" of his party are open to the Arab-American community. Unity is important to victory, he said, adding, "I am counting' on you to be active participants... in the democracy of this nation."

Also speaking on behalf of the Democratic Party was Representative Mary Rose Oakar of Ohio. "By supporting members of our community and by sharing our political knowledge with other communities across America, we are building a better future and a stronger voice for Arab-Americans," she told conference participants at the same

Iraq denies clampdown on Mujahideen

BAGHDAD (R) - Baghdad denied Tuesday a Tehran newspaper report that it had clamped down on Iran's main opposition group, the Mujahideen Khalq, in

Iraq.
"The report, which was repeated by some news agencies, that the Iraqi government had put restrictions on Rajavi... is completely baseless," the official Iraqi News Agency (INA) quoted a

reliable source" as saying. The Tehran report was also denied Monday by a Mujahideen spokesman in Baghdad, the headquarters of the group since its leaders were forced to leave

The Mujahideen's National Liberation Army (NLA) launched several offensives into Iran from their bases in Iraq, the last one Iran-Iraq war in August 1988.

Kayban Havai linked the alleged Iraqi action to a new Iraqi peace offer contained in a secret letter to the Iranian leadership which proposed a meeting between Iran's President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani and Iraqi President Saddam Hussein.

Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq

Aziz told reporters in Rome Monday that Iran had responded to the letter and Iraq viewed the exchange positively.

He did not disclose the conless than a month before a U.N. . tents of the exchange but denied brokered ceasefire halted the press reports that the Iraqi mesover border issues could begin from the Algiers Accord — a 1975 pact which Hussein tore up shortly before the start of the 1980-88 war.

Rafsanjani said last week be saw some signs of goodwill in Iraq's attitude towards the peace negotiations.

U.N. chief returns after talks with Iraqi minister

ROME (R) — United Nations Iraqi President Saddam Hussein Secretary General Javier Perez sent a conciliatory letter to Iran, de Cuellar returned to New York Tuesday after talks in Rome with Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz on efforts to seal a final

peace settlement to the Gulf war. Few details emerged of the talks but Perez de Cuellar told reporters the United Nations was ready to help resolve the stale-mate that followed a 1988 ceasefire in the war between Iran and

Earlier Monday Perez de Cuellar met a representative of Polisario guerrillas fighting for independence in the Western Sahara. No details of the meeting

Aziz indicated Monday that

and its longtime enemy has given an encouraging reply.

He said he discussed the status of peace talks during a 90-minute meeting Monday evening with

Perez De Cuellar, who has proposed holding direct talks between the two nations. The U.N. and Iraqi officials came to Rome Sunday evening

Hussein sent a letter to Iranian President Hashemi Rafsanjani, but he did not disclose the contents, saying only it was a letter of

for the meeting. Aziz disclosed that last week

Observers said Saddam prop-

osed new negotiations over the status of the Shatt-Al-Arah Waterway. In talking with reporters after

his meeting with Perez de Cuel-

Iranian leadership.... We consid-

er this a positive development

which we would like to build

upon in order to reach the under-

replied: "I don't want to make

lar, Aziz did not say if Rafsanjani himself had replied to Hussein's U.S. Secretary-General Javier "I informed the secretarygeneral about the exchange of letters between the Iraqi and

> standing necessary for making peace," Aziz said. Asked if there would be direct talks between the countries, Aziz

any hasty comments, but as I said, we consider this as a positive development and so does the secretary-general."

Aziz said he and Perez de Cuellar "did not go into specifics," including the possibility that the Iraqis would now accept some kind of shared sovereignty over the waterway.

give details of the talks beyond saying their discussion dealt with the prospects of direct talks between Hussein and the Iranian president. "We maintained some hope

that things will start moving

ahead in a positive manner," the

U.N. leader said.

Perez de Cuellar would not

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

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Dr. Ahmad Bishtawi

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Al Sharas' pharmacy (985238) ZARQA: Dr. Hisham Hyasat ... EMERGENCIES Civil Defence Department. Civil Defence Immediate

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Highway Police	843402
Traffic Police	896390
Public Security Department	630321
Hotel Complaints	605800
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ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) . Damascus (Alf) Joddah (RJ) 10:30 . Cairo [RJ]

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

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Beans	400 / 350
Broad beans	270 / 220
Cabbege	
Carrot	120 / 80
Cauliflower	300 / 250
Character (Lane)	
Chaumbars (large)	150 / 100
Cocumbers (small)	280 / 240
Dates	400 / 300
Respirat	200 / 160
Gartic	450 / 400
Lemon	320 / 280
Lettuce (per one)	150 / 100
Mallow	320 / 280
Marrow (large)	180 / 120
Macrow (small)	320 / 280
Onion (dry)	130 / 100
Onion (groen)	200 / 150
Orange	340 / 300
Orange (Shamouti)	
Orange (Sumoud)	450 / 400
Pepper (hot)	180 / 140
Pepper (sweet)	180 / 140
Potato	320 / 290
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Water Authority

ACC labour ministers to discuss Arab workforce

SANAA (IT.) - Ministers of meeting, said the ACC constilabour and social development in tuted a united force which could Jordan and the Kingdom's part- later be joined by the other Arab Bets in the Arab Cooperation Council (ACC) opened a threeday meeting in Sanaa Tuesday to reach final agreement on matters related to employment of workers from the ACC group and social security for these workers as well as matters related to national labour markets.

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Jordan had earlier announced plans to give priority in employ-ment to workers from the ACC countries which, besides Jordan, group North Yemen, Iraq and Egypt, should the need arise for the employment of non-Jordanians.

Minister of Labour Quseem

countries in total unity, without which the Arab Nation cannot

ACC Secretary-General Hilmi Nammar said the ministers would conclude an agreement on social security and reach a system for its implementation as well as a plan to allow any ACC country to employ workers from another member state, giving them priority over other Arab and foreign

Nammar said the agreement in Sanaa will be an elaboration of a draft plan reached by the ACC heads of state at their Sanaa Obeidat, who arrived here for the meeting in September 1989.

NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

IDB pledges support to Jordan

AMMAN (Petra) — The Jeddah-based Islamic Development Bank (IDB) pledged its support for the development plans in Jordan and stressed that the bank will finance the Jordanian exports to the countries of the Organisation of Islamic Conference, according to Ali Qandil Shihadeh, head of the bank's export financing section. Shihadeh, now on a visit to Jordan, said the IDB has provided more than \$400 million to Jordan since 1977 to finance Jordan's oil imports, in addition to other types of assistance which Jordan received through other programmes of the bank. He pointed out that the bank had financed 58 export transactions, costing \$113.4 million during the past 33 months. The bank's contribution benefitted 7 countries, including Jordan.

Euro-Arab symposium to be held in Jordan

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan will take part in a meeting to be held at the Arab League headquarter in Tunis at the level of the permanent representatives, to discuss preparations and perceptions for the Euro-Arab cultural symposium which will be beld in Jordan in 1991.

GUVS to organise seminar

AMMAN (J.T.) - The General Union of Voluntary Societies (GUVS) in Jordan will organise a four-day special seminar on informational services to the handicapped persons in Jordao. An announcement said that the seminar, which will open at the Jordan Radio and Television Corporation building Saturday and last until Tuesday, will deal with a range of topics on providing better media and information services to the handicapped.

JEA to benefit from Kuwait loan

AMMAN (Petra) - The Cabinet Toesday announced its approval of a loan from the Kuwait-based Arab Economic and Social Fund to the Jordanian government. The JD 3.25 million loan will benefit the Jordan Electricity Authority (JEA) to finance its expansion projects in the Kingdom,

Palestine envoy to Jordan opens exhibition

AMMAN (Petra) - Amhassador of the State of Palestine to Jordan Al Tayeb Abdul Rahim Tuesday inaugurated a plastic art exhibition by the artist Hushi Abu Karim beld at Alia Art Gallery. The exhibition include 29 plates telling the story of the ongoing Palestinian uprising in the occupied Arab territories.

Taflieh to begin project implementation

TAFILEH (Petra) - The executive committee in charge of addressing the drought problem in Tafileh governorate held a meeting Tuesday under the chairmanship of Tafileh Governor Khalaf Maharmeh to discuss several issues on method of work and priorities of work. The committee decided to start implementing a number of agricultural, water and road projects in the governorate as of the beginning of June. Projects include maintenance and improvement of water resources and springs, afforestation and construction works.

AMO warns melon growers

AMMAN (Petra) — The Agricultural Marketing Organisation (AMO) Tuesday issued a warning to water meloo growers to refrain from harvesting melons before they are fully ripe. An AMO statement said that it takes up to 120 days for the melons to ripe and that each melon should not weigh less than kilogrammes before it is cut. The AMO statement said that cutting melons before their due time can cause a big loss for the national

Week film to be held at Alia Art Gallery

AMMAN (Petra) — The Jordanian Plastic Artists Association holds the international films week May 23, in which France, Britain, Holland, West Germany and the Soviet Union will participate. The week will be held at Alia Art Gallery.

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

- * Exhibition of paintings and sculptures by five Jordanian artists
 —at Abdel Hameed Shoman Foundation (19:00 a.m. 5:00 p.m.) * Plastic art exhibition by Abir Abu Judeh, Sanua Al Bourini and
- Hadil Ressam at Yarmouk University. * Exhibition of original serial photos by Jane Tailor at hotel Jordan Intercontinental (all photos are for sale in aid of the St. John Ophthalmic Hospital, Jerusalem). # Book exhibition at Mu'ta University.
- Art exhibition by George Sarkis Kapianian at the Goethe
- Art exhibition by Illean Al Turk at the Royal Cultural Centre. Art exhibition by students of Nazareth Sisters School at the
- French Cultural Centre. Art exhibition by Hasse Abo Ekraym at the Alla Art Gallery.

FILM

'x Film "The Love Affair" at the British Council at 6:00 p.m.

CONFERENCES

A Athletics medicine conference at the Royal Cultural Centre at

The government should do more to reinstate dismissed employees'

AMMAN (J.T.) - Steps taken so far on the part of the governmeet to reinstate employees fired from their posts on political grounds are not enough and more speedy efforts ought to be taken to find jobs for the dismissed civil servants in line with declared government policy, according to Ahmad Azaideh, chairman of the Lower House of Parliament's Public Freedoms and Citizens

"Those who were either rereasons or prevented from being ment. employed in violation of the terms of constitution and Jordanian laws should be reinstated as employ dismissed teachers and by soon as possible," Azaideh said General of the Civil Service Commission (CSC) Mohammad Saced

Rights Committee.

"The Parliament hopes the employees io various government CSC will take speedy steps to offices, to supply the Parliament line with government policies," Azaideh said.

Prime Minister Mudar Badran earlier pledged that the govern- Jordan News Agency, Petra. ment would re-employ all civil servants dismissed for political

sources, 950 employees had been affected by previous government moved from office for political dicisions denying them employ-

the middle of last month a total of at a meeting with the Director- 191 teachers had been reinstated. A Tuesday's meeting agree-ment was reached with the CSC,

The Ministry of Education, for

According to government

redress this awkward situation in committee with a list of names of those dismissed including those who, so far, failed to apply for work at the CSC, according to the

> Petra said CSC also agreed to give priority to the people dismissed in filling vacancies in government departments. The agency said the CSC had agreed to take into account the period during which the dismissed persons were not in office so as to be considered as part of service when they calculate pensions.

its part, announced plans to re-Azaideh called on all persons dismissed on political grounds to call at the CSC and apply for work. He also urged the CSC to try to find work for these people which takes charge of appointing before the end of 1990.

Jordanians to design tourist posters

AMMAN (Petra) - The Minis- for youths and drawing up oationtry of Tourism has announced an invitation to lordanians wishing to take part in an international competition to design special youth tourist posters aimed at promoting tourism and culture and youth activities as a way to promote the cause of world peace.

An announcement said the posters will be presented along ment, a special Jordanian comothers at an international tourist mittee comprising representatives conference for youth to be held in of the ministries of tourism, India early next year and Jordan education, youth and culture as along with 100 other countries well as Royal Jordanian (RJ), the will take part in the meetings. national airline, has been set up

in working out a comprehensive participation in the contest. plan designed to promote tourism

employed in the tourism industry, according to the announcement Tuesday.

It said the delegates would also be expected to lay down the basis for international cooperation in tourism.

According to the announce-The delegates will participate to supervise arrangements for

The announcement said that

only people under 35 years of age al strategies for training local staff can take part in the designing of posters which should appear in one of the languages recognised by the United Nadons: English, Arabic, French, Spanish, Chinese or Russian. It said all contributions should

be channelled through the Ministry of Tourism not later than July 10, 1990 and added that gold, silver and bronze medals will be awarded to the winners of the first, second and third prizes. The wincers will also be

granted free return air tickets to India where they can also stay free of charge for a period of one

Ris Royal Highness Prince Hassan Tuesday visits a pavilion at the construction materials fair beld

at the Amman International Fair Centre in Mar-Al Hamam (Petra photo)

Construction materials fair highlights quality of products

AMMAN (J.T.) -- His Royal displaying construction materials and praised the quality of products of 64 Jordanian firms and factories taking part in the fair.

Prince Hassan inspected all sections displaying a wide range of construction materials locally keted abroad after sufficing the and shutters. local needs.

the national industrial husinesses are their operations with the would double their efforts and produce goods of even better organisations so that the business quality to compete with foreign brands in markets abroad.

Prince Hassan said that some Highness Crown Prince Hassan of the national construction pro-Germany and according to officials many high quality goods are being sold in Arab states. The industrial fair which ended

Tuesday displayed samples of glass, cement, brick, wires and cables, metal pipes, paint, nails, produced and was briefed on the radiators, boilers, solar heaters, volume of products that are mar- marble files, fibre glass, doors

Prince Hassan said the indust-Prince Hassan voiced hope that rial businesses ought to coordinhousing sector and concerned of producing construction mate-

Centres Corporation (JCCC) Tuesday visited an industrial fair ducts had aiready reached West organised the fair in cooperation with the Housing Corporation, the Urban Development Department, the Royal Scientific Society and the Jordan Electricity Authority.

According to JCCC officials JD 15 million worth of local construction materials were solo to foreign countries in 1989, up from JD 8.2 million in 1988.

The coastruction industries in Jordan account for 13.2 per cent of the total national industry and. according to the officials, they employ 12.4 per cent of the total national workforce.

Chinese delegation visits meteorology department

AMMAN (Petra) - A visitiog delegation representing the Meteorology Department in China had a meeting bere Tuesday with Dr. Ali Abanda, directorgeneral of the Department of Meteorology in Jordan and toured the department's centres in different parts of Jordan.

Yabes Al Bagoura, Ras Munif, mad Smadi for further discus-Duleiel, Mafraq, and Irbid.

The delegation members heard Abanda outlining various aspects China had put into space a satelof meteorology work in Jordan lite to help in the weather fore- Jerash.

The department owns installa- and later met with Ministy of casting process and arrangements

The head of the delegation said

tions to help forecast the weather Transport and Telecommunica- were underway to launch another conditions in Deir Alla, Wadi Al oons Secretary-General Moham- satellite before the end of 1990.

The Chinese delegation Tuesday also toured archaeological and tourist sites in Jordan including the Greco-Romao city of

May fair to raise money for charity

AMMAN (J.T.) - The British others Ladies of Amman (BLA) will around the country.

nity centres for the disabled in out of the Balqa, Suf, Jerash and Husn ated." refugee eamps. Handicapped some of the children allowing some of them to stand normal one of them at least amputation to better understand Jordan.

of the legs. months. Children at a school for ted from BLA donations, among dren.

With no administration struchold their annual May fair this ture as such, the BLA finds it coming Friday with great hopes occessary to work through recogpinned on raising considerable nised charities such as UNRWA funds for charitable activities or camp committees who provide advice and information oo indi-"We like to give small amounts vidual cases that need assistance. to small charities that get over- They do not get involved directly looked by the large ones," says in the cases themselves but the BLA treasurer Lesley Al Zaka. question of who the assistance is "We look to help the poorest of to go to is usually decided by a committee of 13 BLA members.

During last year's May fair, the BLA raised approximately ID activities, a lot of money is lost

8,400. JD 1,000 of this was don- through the administration, but ated to a fund for individual help that is not the case with us," Zaka offered through the refugee com- said. "We look to get the most

The BLA members, which children were given calipers, number no more than 200, also medical boots, hearing aids. Op- offer their own time in helping erations were even performed on the poor. A number of them for example pay regular visits to the Home of Peace. They also help chances of mobility and saving British oewcomers to the country Friday's May fair, which will be

With the money raised from held in the garden of the British the May fair, the BLA provides ambassador's residence between the "Home of Peace" for the 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. includes enelderly with heating and grocery tertainment, games, food, re-money on a monthly basis. The freshments, home made cake, BLA also provides medicines for jams and preserves, craft items, the Franciscan Sisters every three books, grand raffle, door prizes.

The entrance fees are one dinar the deaf in Salt have also benefit- for adults and JD 0.250 for chil-

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Lopsided logic

U.S. VICE President Dan Quayle's logic is at best lopsided. He thinks that no matter how important the Palestinian "dimension" is to a resolution of the conflict, the conflict between Israel and the Arab countries is at least equally important and must also be addressed. So he recently urged the Arab states to "reach out" to Israel and provide "the kind of supportive environment so necessary to a viable Israeli-Palestinian dialogue."

We were totally unaware that the Israeli government was tripping over itself trying to provide the supportive environment in order to make peace with the Arabs. Mr. Quayle must have gotten his perceptions of various conflicts around the world confused.

One fails to understand what Mr. Quayle has in mind in terms of Arabs reaching out to the Israelis. Did the Vice President know for example that as far back as 1982 the Arabs, in a smamit meeting of their leaders, recognised Israel's right to exist and offered it peace in exchange for land? Did he know that since 1967 Arabs have accepted all U.S. administrations' peace proposals and Israel has rejected them?

If Mr. Quayle and the West accept the right of Jews, who lived in Palestine in Eiblical times, to gather from the four corners of the world and return to the "promised land," how could they deny the Palestinians, who were forced to leave their ancestral homeland in 1948, 1967 and beyond, their right to return and establish their homeland and state?

If Dan Quayle and his Israeli friends are genuinely and sincerely seeking peace in the Middle East they should recognise the Palestinian people's legitimate rights, sit with them, negotiate, reach peace, then Israel and the Arabs can establish normal relations and live happily ever after. Until that happens Palestine and the Palestinians, whom Mr. Quayle termed only as a dimension of the conflict, will continue to dominate Arab minds and hearts. If Mr. Quayle and the Israelis continue to wait until the so-called supportive environment materialises without taking any constructive steps towards a peaceful resolution to the. conflict then they might not find the Arab hand of peace



JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

JORDANIAN Arabic dailies on Tuesday discussed the 42nd anniversary of the usurpation of Palestine by Zionist forces, emphasising Arab rights in Palestine and expressing Arah people's determination to pursue the struggle for return.

No matter how huge the forces that stand in the way of Arah rights and no matter how ferocious the enemy is, the Arah rights are firm and real, and nothing can stop the Arab people from regaining them, said Al Ra'i Arabic daily. Arah self-confidence and determination to pursue the struggle should indicate that it is only a matter of time hefore the return of Palestinians to their lands is achieved, said the paper. It said that Palestinian people's uprising serve as a ray of hope which could not be extinguished by four decades of occupation, and the ongoing struggle in the occupied territories manifest the Arabs will to defy international conspiracies of occupation and emigration. More hope is seen in the Arab World's convening of a summit meeting in Baghdad to chart a new strategy for the Arah World, one that can mobilise Arah countries' economic, political and military potentials to confront the enemy, the paper added. It said that May 15 should not be an anniversary for grief in the Arab World, but rather a moment for contemplation and optimism over prospects of a brighter future for the Arabs who are determined to end injustice

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The huge masses who participated in the "right of return" march in the Jordan Valley Monday proved to all institutions and political groups in the Kingdom that nothing can stand in the way of the masses and their right to express their feelings freely, says Abdul Rahim Omar in a column published in Al Ra'i Tuesday. The masses have marched under the scorching sun towards the bridge in a show of solidarity with their brothers and sisters in the occupied Arab territory, and in manifestation of a strong will to continue the struggle, the writer notes. The participants all knew that the march was not a picnic and yet unexpected huge numbers of people gathered at the site in response to calls by the organisers who aimed to express support for the intifada, the writer adds. He says that the professional unions in Jordan are to be commended for their immense efforts in this regard, and in pursuing a course of rallying Arab support for the Palestiman people's rights.

Despite the elapse of more than 40 years since the creation of the Jewish state in the midst of the Arab World at the expense of the Palestinian people. Zionist efforts have not succeeded in imposing Israel's domination in our region, said Al Dustour Arabic daily Tuesday. The paper said Israel is not recognised by the Arabs who see in it an entity bent on expansion and aggression; and one that based its policies on wars against the Arab people and oppression against the Palestinians. The Arabs refuse to recognise Israel's existence despite its formidable military force; and they continue to fight for their rights in Palestine regardless of the sacrifices, said the paper. As the Arabs remember the dark day when their Palestine was usurped, said the paper, they also witness stones falling on the heads of the invaders, reminding the Zionists of the fact that they are rejected and cannot stay in Arah

Economic Forum

Something called absorptive capacity

your income and other sorts of revenues that accrue to you in the form of grants from relatives, friends or the government you will end up with a financial surplus which, in national accounting terminology, is called savings. If you cannot invest this surplus by yourself. you will lend it to other parties directly, or in-directly through banks. When we apply this analysis to a country, the financial surplus goes abroad. This was exactly what had happened to Arab countries during the late seventies and early eighties and led to the phenomenon of Arah funds or investments abroad which were largely petrodol-

around \$700-750 hillion of Arah investments ahroad. These take the form of deposits with banks to the tune of \$500 billion; the balance goes to other direct and portfolio investments (shares, bonds, real estate, factories, service enterprises). There are a host of forces which led to the exodns of these mammoth funds which are surrounded by all sorts of fallacies and myths.

It has been said that these funds are more than adequate to repay the \$180 billion of Arah external debt. This is an arithmetic fallacy because the Arah owners of these funds are not the Arab debtors, which means that they are not available for debt repayment unless their Arab owners are willing to re-lend them to Arah debtors. That is almost an impossible assumption. Even within individual Arah countries, this assumption does not work because the holders of deposits relating to any dehtor Arab country are normally individuals and private firms that will not lend them to their government to be used for retiring its external deht. However, remember that these funds were in the first place sent abroad to avoid being "captured" by governments.

Although very remote, the only realistic way of utilising Arab financial surpluses kept abroad to solve pan-Arab eco-nomic problems, including external debt, is to invest them in Arab conntries. If every thing goes on very well, (and this is a biggest "if"), such investments will boost economic growth in Arah countries and later on enhance the capacity of Arab countries to repay their debts.

Many idealists will say that this is possible and demand it be done. From a nationalistic viewpoint, it must be done but the story is different in economic and practical terms. Arab savers will not bring their financial surpluses back into the Arab countries until the investment climate, which frightened them away in the first place has changed. This is a profound process which can be accomplished only over ex-tended periods of time, if ever so, and with very drastic shifts in the basics of Arab economic

policies. Irrespective of national ideals and good intentions, assume, for the sake of analysis, that there is a willingness to move in this direction. The whole process will be frustrated if the Arah economies do not have the necessary absorptive capacity. In the abs-

ence of such capacity, Arab

capital will be employed in bad investments and at high capital intensities which amount to squandering the above-mentioned surpluses. This means low capital return and thereby nasty economic and national setbacks. We shall have lost our surpluses and retained our external debts. This is not national cooperation but collective suicide. But what is absorptive capacity?

Absorptive capacity is the ability to use capital productively. The adverb 'productively" does make all the differences as it draws the line between economic sense and wishful thinking. In a symposinm on Arab investments abroad, one of the audience said he believed that Sudan alone can absorb all Arah financial surpluses. That is

absolutely true, but at what level of productivity? We certainly can pour all Arab financial surpluses even in one city and have buildings and stores of marble and golden doors. But then the rate of return to capital will be approximately. zero. The surpluses will be destroyed in a single cycle.

In the absence of absorptive capacity, Arab financial surpluses repatriated to the Arah World will be used either for importing unnecessary capital goods (through very high capital/output ratios) or to finance consumption i expenditures (with high import contents). In both cases, part of them will be consumed and the remainder ends up again in Western markets and banks after a journey made futile due to the defiance of economic rules.

Nepalese like change, want monarchy to stay.

By Rajendra Bajpai Reuter

SUNTHAL, Nepal — Farmer Keshah Bahadur Keshi is delighted with Nepal's political reforms but he still thinks the country should rermain a monarchy. Working on his small terraced

farm in Verdant hills 40 kilometres from Kathmandu, 34year-old Keshi is glad that the old partyless panchayat (council) system has finally crumbled.

Keshi hopes new Prime Minister Krishna Prasad Bhattarai will be fair and share power with King Birendra, an absolute ruler regarded by many Nepalese as the incarnation of the Hindu derty

Bhattarai, who came to power after massive pro-democracy demonstrations last month, heads an interim coalition of his Nepali Congress Party and a Communist-led alliance.

"We need a monarchy," said Keshi "We must have a king but he should share the power with the people."

Life in the hills of Nepal, one of the world's poorest countries, is tough for Keshi and other smal farmers but the panchayat system made it more difficult.

"We must have a king but he should share the power with the people"

"Panchayat was an unfair system and helped only those who had good connections. They were whispering men who had never discussed things openly," he said.

Keshi listened on his radio to news of the violence and curfews in Kathmandu last month and was glad when the king agreed to dissolve the panchayat system and allow a multi-party demo-

Days after police shot dead dozens of people among thousands of pro-democracy campaigners attempting to storm the royal palace, King Birendra finally succumbed to the demands.

To the Editor

has far-reaching consequences.

rulings of the judiciary?

thoughts are.

The tip of an iceberg

I HAVE been watching with great concern the events of the past

week and feel that I must bring a very vital point to the attention

I am referring to the decision taken by the Ministry of Interior

to ban male hairdressers. The matter, in and of itself, is quite

trivial when compared to the state of affairs of our country, but it

The important issue here is the encroachement upon the civil

liberties of the silent majority in an attempt to appease the moral

indignation of a vocal but powerful minority. Some people may find it repulsive for a male stranger to run his fingers through a

woman's hair. It is their right, in a free country, to be repulsed by such a thing, as it is their right to vocalise this repulsion. But it is

not the government's responsibility to submit to the whims of this

vocal minority at the expense of the Constitution. I understand

that there was a Higher Court roling in 1980 permitting male hairdressers to practice their profession. Given that fact, since

when has the executive branch of a true democracy violated the

We must all beware of these small infringements upon our

constitutional rights, because, by allowing them to pass un-

opposed, we are, through our apathy, sanctioning the future violation of our basic right to choose the way in which we want to

In light of the above, I encourage all of you who are part of the

silent majority, to cry out in opposition to this violation of our

rights. For if you remain silent, don't be surprised if big brother

comes knocking on your brain to find out how "clean" your

It transformed the political climate. Freedom was again in the air and Nepalese liked it.

Keshi said he was against the panchayat system because its members lined their own pockets. When funds come for building

a canal in the village and a road they just disappear," he said. The metalled road from Kathmandu abruptiy comes to an end in the small trading town of Panauti. From there a mud track leads to Sunthal three kilometres

My neighbour's house in the village hurnt down two years ago. After running around for 14 months the government gave him compensation of 250 rupees (\$10) which was not enough to make a cow shed," he said.

When another house hurnt down in the same village, that owner received good compensation within a month and the government gave him corrugated iron sheets to use as a roof: What kind of a system was

that? It was good only for influential people," Keshi said. As soon as we have a constitution and elections are held I think

at least I am hoping it will," he There is no drinking water in the village and the nearest well is

15 minntes walk from Sunthal. There is a primary school but the high school is in Panauti. Keshi produces enough rice, wheat and maize on his farm to

sustain him, his wife and two sons for six months of the year. When he has harvested his own crops, he goes to work on the

farms of big landlords as a casual worker on daily wages. Keshi is poor but luckier than

many others. He went to school for eight years. When he heard on his radio

that Bhattarai's Congress party had formed an interim coalition government with the Communists, be decided to join the Nepali Congress.

"I thought about joining the Communists. But I don't want to work under 'their discipline or take orders from them. So I thought I'd join the Congress and lead my life as I want to" he said.

Drug war: Worst U.S. policy failure since Vietnam

By Bernd Debusmann Reuter

WASHINGTON — After 25 years as an international undercover narcotics agent, Michael Levine has strong opinions about the U.S. drugs war. He calls it "the higgest, costliest, most dangerous failure of American policy since Vietnam".

Fifteen years after the United States lost the war in Vietnam, Washington's war on drugs is a subject of controversy both at home and in Latin America, which produces most of the cocaine and much of the heroin consumed by a seemingly insatiable U.S. market.

Levine's comparison with the Vietnam war comes in the introduction of a book, "Deep Cover", which he wrote after retiring : veillance planes and spy satel-from the U.S. Drug Enforcement lites, into drugs war. Agency (DEA) where he had won several awards for oustand-

The book describes an undercovet operation against Bolivian drug lords that failed. Levine asserts, because of hureaucratic bungling, in-fighting and rivalry between the DEA and U.S. cus-

There has been no official comment on the former agent's blowhy-hlow account of the operation, code-named Trifecta, but figures back up his gloomy conclusion that more seizures and more arrests do not mean that the war

In 1989, the year President George Bush declared war on drugs - as every president since

Richard Nixon has done - U.S. authorities seized almost a billion dollars in drug smugglers' assets and impounded 32 tonnes of

The seizures set new records but failed to disrupt the huge domestic market for illicit drugs, the profits from which rival those of General Motors. Even the world's higgest single cocaine bust - 21 tonnes in Los Angeles did not lead to shortages or price

In the same year, according to U.S. figures, world-wide production of cocaine, opium and marijuana soared despite a U.S.-led campaign to eradicate drug crops.

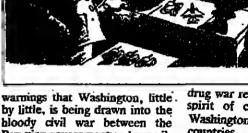
The lack of success prompted th Bush administration to bring its vast military intelligence network, complete with radar sur-

In Latin America, the U.S. is tending towards closet direct involvement of its troops and antidrug agents.

growing region, for example, the United States has built a fortified military base. Its perimeter defences, sand-bagged bunkers and landing pads fot helicopters invite comparisons with Vietnam.

Manued jointly by DEA agents and Peruvian anti-narcotics police, the base serves as a launching pad for helicoptet raids on clandestine airstrips and cocaine laboratories in the surrounding

The raids have had limited effect, U.S. officials admit. but they have prompted a spate of



by little, is being drawn into the bloody civil war between the Peruvian government and guerrillas of the Maoist Sendero Luminoso (Shining Path) movement.

The Guerrillas have formed a tactical alliance with coca farmers, protecting plantations in return for "taxes" that help themfinance an insurgency which has killed at least 12,000 people.

Undeterred by criticism of its on-the-ground involvement in Latin America, the U.S. government announced in April that it would spend \$35 million on military assistance and training. According to U.S. officials, army instructors are set to begin counter-insurgency training before the end of the year.

"Washington is favouring a military approach to the international aspect of the drug crisis even though a U.S. military presence or use of force is seen as an, affront to national sovereignty by many Latin Americans," said Lary Birns, director of the private Washington Council on Hemispheric Affairs.

drug war recently, despite a new spirit of cooperation between Washington and Latin American countries.
In the latest dispute over U.S.

1

methods, the Mexican government has threatened to limit the number and activities of DEA agents assigned to Mexico under diplomatic cover. The dispute was set off by the

cloak-and-dagger abduction of a Mexican physician, Humberto Alvares Nachain, to sland trial in the U.S. on charges of complicity in the 1985 murder of DEA undercover agent. Enrique

Camarena. Such incidents underline funmental differences of approbetween the United States and Latin America,

Latin Americans tend to suspect that much-publicised military assistance and displays of force are apt more to boost the popularity rating of U.S. politicians than to end the drug problem.

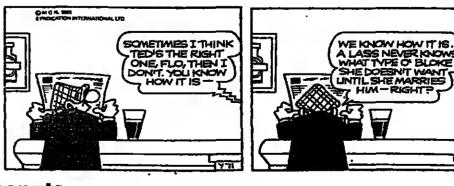
What is really needed, Latin Americans say, is help in long-term economic restructuring. compensation for coca growers Several perceived U.S. violations of Latin American better deal for the region's legal sovereignty have undermined the exports, such as coffee.

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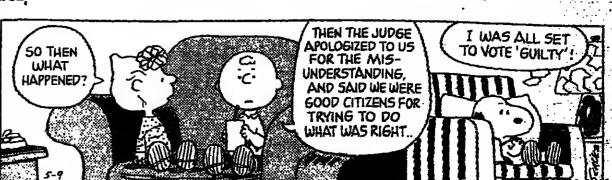
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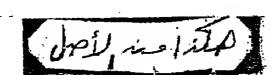


Andy Capp



Peanuts





Jamai Al Jaberi

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End of cold war fails to warm prospects for peace in Mideast

By Lamis K. Andoni

This is the third part of a report on a symposium on "U.S. Policy in the Middle East" held in Amman last week. The fourth and final part will be published in tomorrow's issue.

the cold war between the United States and the Soviet Union should contribute to accelerating the Middle East peace process. But in practice, a relative mactive involvement of the two superpowers in the process and to other international and regional factors seem to work to impede peace efforts and increase the threats posed by the current im-

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This is the assessment shared by a group of Arab and American scholars who attended a seminar organised by the Arab Thought Forum (ATF) held in Amman May 5-7. But the academics and scholars differ in their evaluation of why the end of the cold war is baving, at least in the short-term, an adverse effect rather than boosting peace efforts in the region. They also vary in their views on the responsibilities and roles of the various parties mvolved in the conflict to revive the

Arguments that the end of the cold war should contribute to peace efforts were essentially based on the conclusion that the polarisation of military power has changing Soviet role are acrually been abandoned, the inevitability of the conflict between capitalism and comminism has lost ground, and that there is an agreement between the two superpowers to settle regional disputes through peaceful means.

Yet at the same time, the immediate consequences of the upheaval in Eastern Europe and the new detente are threatening almost exclusively to Israel, is to undermine Middle East stability, according to the underlying, end of the cold war. Although arguments of many of the partici-

A major factor triggering an adverse-effect of the end of the cold war era on the Middle East is viewed to be a "decrease of Soviet support" for the "radical" Arab states and the Palestine position in the short term.

AMMAN - In theory the end of Liberation Organisation (PLO), particularly in terms of arm supplies, and pressures reportedly exerted on Syria to nbandon its goal of achieving strategic parity with Israel.

In the words of Dr. Everret Mendelson, a prominent Middle East expert from the University of Harvard, "from the Arah side there has been a clear perception that the Soviet Union should be counted upon on providing an automatic connterpart" to American pressures.

In other words, at least in the immediate term, it could be argued that in view of the continuing U.S. support for Israel, the balance of power has been further offset in favour of Israel, putting the Arabs in direct confrontation with the U.S.

Dr. Mendelson, author of : book on the Middle East entitled "A Compassionate Peace." argued in a working paper that a combination of Moscow's withdrawal of its effective support for its allies, the American emphasis on the Middle East and the failure so far of the emergence of a new U.S. policy to adjust the impeding the process.

Another factor, cited by most scholars as either hindering or even undermining the peace process, is the mass Soviet Jewish immigration to Israel. The new Soviet policy of allowing thousands of Soviet Jews to leave, together with the conditions confining their destination seen as a direct byproduct of the such a view was expressed by all participants except Dr. Marshal Goldman, who argued that the influx of Soviet Jews should prompt Arab leaders to "speed the process," opinions varied on the immediate official Israeli

The point of dispute was other power or its allies. whether the Israeli leaders would opt for a military escalation in the immediate future nr would actually maintain a low profile Soviet Union seems to be prodposition to avoid international condemnation at a historic stage where peaceful settlements of conflicts is the name of the game in the emerging new equation between the superpowers.

Dr. Tahsin Bashir, an Egyptian ambassador and scholar, argued that Israel might avoid a military escalation for fear nf discouraging the influx of Soviet Jews. He also maintained that Israel might keep a very low profile to allow itself time to absorb and settle the Soviet Jews without inviting undue international attention or

Others argued that Israel might seize the opportunity of Soviet "abandonment" of its Arah allies, and the U.S. "emphasis" on Eastern Europe and launch a limited operation to decrease the pressure of the intifada and pave the way for a forced exodus of Palestinians to Jurdan.

Many agreed, however, that the Israeli reaction heavily hinged on the course of its internal polirical crisis, the Arab position, and finally prospects of the progress of the peace process. But the clear implication was that the end of the cold war on its own --particularly as the U.S. continues its support of Israel — was not sufficient to hring about peace in the region.

At one stage in his paper enritied "The End of the Cold War: Lebanese political scientist, pre-Implications for Israeli-Palestinian Peace Making," Dr. Mendelson argued that as regional disputes stop to be "flashpoints from which escalarion might lead to superpower wars" their importance to superpowers are "greatly reduced."

On the other hand, one of the questions which appeared to remain unanswered was; Would either of the superpowers allow one of its "allies or former allies" into a confrontation with the concerns for the Soviets. "In fact American support?

these very domestic concerns would reflect heavily on the inter-So far at least, judging by developments cited by most schonal trends and developments in lars in the seminar, while the the Soviet Union," be said.

- The Soviet Union would ding its allies, including the PLO, soon be interested in securing oil Syria and even Afghanistan, tosupplied from the region, and wards peaceful solutions, the therefore is interested in the Gulf U.S. has not been exerting the states. same practical efforts - i.e.

- As the region continues to though reducing arms and finanbe infested with missiles, the cial support to steer Israel to- Soviet Union cannot ignore the threat. "They will be mostly concerned about Israeli missiles which can reach the Soviet Unthat of the Soviet reduction of ion," he argued.

support of the parties in the In a later interview with the Jordan Times, Dr. Salameh went But the assessment that these even further by contradicting all recent theories about the dimiattitudes have been accompanied hy further detachment hy both nishing role of the Soviet Union. According to Dr. Salameh, Mospowers was contested during the discussions. U.S. Ambassador to cow is working towards a longterm strategy to increase its influ-Jordan Roscoe Suddarath strongly disagreed arguing that his ence and diminish and if not even country was still very much conexclude the American role. He cerned over the Middle East prosaid that such a strategy is partly cess. He disclosed that, at a redictated by nbjective developcent meeting of American ambasments, mainly the end of the cold war, which makes the region sadors to the Middle East with U.S. Secretary of State James Baker in West Germany, it was more relevant to both the Soviet Union and Europe. "The U.S. is perced that the U.S. would and finally expected to withdraw and should continue its active engagefocus its attention, and this is already happening in its hackporch in Latin America.' The American ambassador,

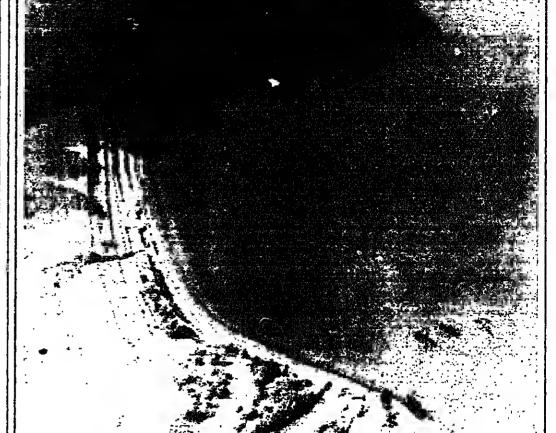
Therefore, Salameh does not think that hy succumbing to U.S. pressures to allow Soviet Jewish emigration, Moscow is undermining its long-term strategy but it is a tactical move that will eventually contribute to limiting Soviet intervention in the region.

Dr. Ghassan Salameh, a In other words the Lebanese sented a completely different writer implied that Moscow was analysis about the future role of making short-term concessions to serve its long-terms goals.

An issue which did not seem the Soviet Union in the region. In his view, mainly due to its pro-

adequately addressed during the dialogue - according to observers - is how the end of the cold war would affect the role of actually increase the importance Israel. The question that remained an unanswered was:

- Most of the problems and Is Israel loosing its role as a developments in the area, mainly strategic ally of the U.S. to counthe rise of Islamic fundamentalter the "Soviet and communist to provoke instability in a hot ism and Zionism itself, are by no danger," or does it have a new region and consequently drag it means exclusive foreign policy role which ensures continuous



Dead Sea water, air and sun help thousands

By Miriam Jordan Reuters

EIN BOKEK - At one of the lowest points on earth, men and women stand naked for hours under a sweltering Dead Sea

"To be exposed to the sun here eight hours a day works like a miracle. I go home cured," said Ruth Franz, 45, from Mannheim, West Germany, who has had the skin disease psoriasis for over a decade.

Her friend Heike von Lentzke of Munich who has psoriasis and an accompanying arthritis, said: "In three days here I am better than after weeks in the Canary Islands."

Four hundred metres below sea level, on the lowest ex-posed land on earth, the women bathe in the dense mineral-rich Dead Sea water that belps rid their bodies of spots which powerful creams

nd drugs never cured. Scientists estimate that between one and three per cent of the population in Western countries has some form of psoriasis. At least six million Americans have the disease,

they say.
Muscular and joint pains, chronie arthritis and vitiligo, a skin disease which causes loss of pigmentation, are also helped hy the Dead Sea.

But psoriasis sufferers are the higgest clients. The come from all over the world seeking relief from the red hlotches and scales which can cover their entire bodies.

The disease is not contagious or dangerous but victims often regard themselves as social lepers. Many are afraid to be seen in public and have difficulty finding partners. They look forward to winter when they can cover their bodies.

Research has shown that af-

ter four weeks, more than 70 per cent of the psoriasis sufferers at the Dead Sea are cleared or almost completely cleared of the disease for periods of three months to several years. The rest show at least som improvement.

Some 1,000 naked women and men with skin trouble crowd the segregated beach on the Dead Sea shore - soaking up sun where they most need it. Many have been coming here for years.

Israel and Jordan have spas on opposite sides of the sea. On the Israeli side new hotels are sprouting to cater for the boom in tourism from Europe. "Doctors in the United

States just gave me cortisone creams. I got fevers and then the psoriasis came hack worse," said Maria Helena Mansur, 38. of Guayaquil. Ecuador, who first contracted the disease after a car crash.

"I come here every year for a month in the spring and I am free (of psoriasis) until November,"she said, adding that it was her eighth visit to the

Zvi Even-Paz, a dermatologist who has been studying the Dead Sea for more than 30 years, said: "The Dead Sea avoids most of the dangers of modern, high-powered treatments."

Since ancient times the sea has been known for its healing qualities. Its sunshine, water and air are unique. Together they form a magic mix that helps thousands each year.

"To isolate one contributory factor from another is very difficult. The total effect is very heneficial,"Even-Paz

The Greek philosopher Aristotle was among the first to mention this stretch of water. It was so salty no fish lived in it

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nor could a bound man sink, be reported in about 350 B.C. Rich Romans imported containers of Dead Sea water to

The Dead Sea is the world's most saline lake. Its 30 per cent salt content makes it 10 times saltier than the oceans and it is rich in magnesium, potassium, calcium and sulphur.

Magnesium helps combat skin allergies and bronchitis.

The high concentration of mineral salts gives the water a buoyancy-which facilitates the movement of ailing joints and eases paralysis, muscular stiffness and fractures.

Rheumatism and arthritis sufferers seek therapy from the Dead Sea's sulphur-rich springs and black mud.

The mud comes from alluvial deposits rich in organic animal and plant remains and lake salts and minerals. Its elasticity and heat retention are said to give arthritis pa-tients relief for theree months to a year.

Dead Sea sunshine is also safer, doctors there say. The most harmful ultra-vio-

lent rays are weakened below sea level and evaporating water provides an extra shield. This enables people to sunhathe much longer at less risk, they say.

Water enters from the Jor-dan River, from a few springs and streams along its shores and from winter floods down mountain ravines. The lake has no oulet hut is depleted by evaporation.

Mak John, whose psoriasis covered 35 per cent of his body before he came to the Dead Sea, said he wished he could take some of the magic potion home to New York.

"I've been in Florida, China and France and nothing helped. Here it just finishes."

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Food, a two-year headache for Olympic caterer

By Alex Scott

BARCELONA — Josep Maria Prieto is preparing to cater for a rather large family gathering the 1992 Barcelona Olympics.

Prieto expects to provide about two million meals over 30 days to the "Olympic family" of athletes, journalists, judges, volunteers and guests scattered over the city, many of them with special diets.
"We must not forget any detail, so we can avoid any surprise," he said.

Prieto, head of catering for the Barcelona Olympic Organising Committee (COOB), knows he is facing a logistical nightmare.

Suppliers need plenty of time to build up their stocks in adv-

ance. "If you assume we have to provide 250 grammes of meat a day to some 15,000 people, we will need more than 100,060 kilos of meat. You can't find this overnight," he said.

And organisers will have to specify the cuts of meat they want, how thick the steak and from what part of the animal, so that butchers can do their work. At the moment, Prieto is large-ly working on hypotheses of what will be needed, how much and where but final estimates have to be drawn up before the end of; this year for things to be ready in

time for the games. From past experience, he predicts that some 31 per cent of the "Olympic family" will come from eastern and northern Europe, 19 per cent from the United States. Britain, Australia and New Zealand, 15 per cent from the Far East, 13 per cent from the Mediterranean, 12 per cent from Africa and 10 per cent from Latin

America. The organisers' guiding principle is to provide the widest range of food available in keeping with the Olympic philosophy of uniting people through the games.

As an example of his commit-ment to that aim, Pricto says he hopes to provide at least three quarters of many different types of bread eaten around the world.

In practice, during any 24-hour period, guests will be able to choose from a variety of foods which will take into account their habits, religions, training diets

and pesonal tastes. Although COOB has overall responsibility for catering, the work will be sub-contracted to specialist firms which need to be inspected and licensed well in advance so that planning can be

carried out in time for the games. Pricto expects quality control to he one of the biggest headaches, given the problem of maintaining acceptable standards of hygiene when serving food during in the hot Mediterranean

"It would be a disaster if anything went wrong," he said.
Athletes and officials will be

scattered during the day among 44 sites in Barcelona and the surrounding region. Between July 11 and Aug. 2, Pricto expects only 59 per cent of the 15,000 residents to be at the Olympic village during the day, with the rest taking part in their

Cold packed lunches will be taken in refrigerated lorries to competitors at their venues.

Prieto expects the Spanish catering industry, used to feeding millions of tourists, to take the bulk of contracts. He says firms will not necessarily be chosen on the basis of past experience.

One relief is that he is not in charge of feeding the estimated 400,000 people expected to attend the games. "Tve got enough to do without that," he said.

And another relief is that he will not have to worry about providing alcoholic drinks and ciearettes - both are banned from sale on the Olympic pre-



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Low voter turnout forces extension

(Continued from page 1)

of quota that was negotiated with the tribe's leaders as an acquired right, one resident explained.

The Chichin's who number 450,000-strong population and who secured the post of mayor of Zarqa for themselves several times in the past, have only one candidate in these elections -

Nabil Kamel Shishani, running as part of the Islamie Action Bloc. The Chichins, an offshoot of Circassians, are a minority ethnic group who are said to be the main founders of the city of Zarqa over 100 years ago after their exodus

from the Soviet Union. The "National Bloc," which fields 10 candidates, are hacked by leftists including Zarga Deputy Bassam Haddadin of the Peoole's Democratic Party and Fakhri Kawar, a former resident of Zarqa and presently n deputy for Amman who was active with

contesting the elections in a sort over the governor's decision not to allow musical groups to perform at the rally. About 1,500 people took part in the protest which ended soon afterwards afseveral thousand among the city's ter a minor clash with police.

wards a more flexible position.

positinn did not appear to parallel

ment in the peace process.

however, implied that the Soviet

Union's role — which has been

repeatedly emphasised by the

Arabs - has declined since the

death of late Egyptian President

Jamal Abdul Nasser, and particu-

ximity to the region, the Soviet

Union will continue to be very

interested in the Middle East. He

cited three factors which will

of the region to Moscow:

larly after the 1973 war.

In other terms, the American

The "Action and Reform Bloc," with 10 candidates, consists of liberals, technocrats and traditional personalities. The "Unity Bloc," which is also field-ing 10 candidates, is considered an independent semi-tribal group with relations to large families in the city.

Only four candidates are running as independents. The city of Zarqa, about 20

kilometres north-cast of Amman, is a semi-industrial overcrowded urban centre which is predominantly inhabited by lower middle class and low income people. The municipality is facing several problems in the city related to illegal construction of the group during the campaign. disputes that have continued for said.

Kawar led a protest march Sun-day after the cancellation of a several years. The government, which refuses to recognise illegal public rally for the National Bloc housing (built without licencing), would not extend basic services such as water and electricity to these houses. There are many cases of land confiscation by the municipality and disputes continue over compensations.

The municipal committee. which has appointed by the government, had been accused of mismanagement by an investigation committee appointed by the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs. The city is also plagued by traffic jams and street vendors and police regularly launch campaigns to remove them from the streets. The financial situation of the municipality, however, is more sound than many other municipalities in the Kingdom, according to Ministry of Municipal Affairs sources. This is largely due to income-generating projects that successive Zarqa civil administrators have built and houses and property and land owned for the city, the sources



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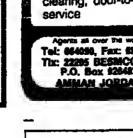
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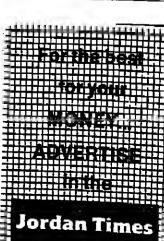
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Taiwan plans to increase investment in Saudi Arabia

By Chen Chien-Kno Reuter

TAIPEI - Taiwan will boost its investment in Saudi Arabia in an attempt to strengthen its bilateral trade and diplomatic ties with Riyadh, the Industrial Developmeot and Investment Ceotre said Tuesday.

Centre Director John Ni said Taiwan hoped the investment would reduce the impact of Saudi Arabia's decision to swap trade offices with China last year.

Saudi Arabia is the only country in the Middle East which recognises Taiwan's nationalist government.

He said Taiwan would encourage local public and private corporations to invest in Saudi Arahia, especially in those areas that eoold use Riyadh's eheaper labour and abundant supply of raw materials

'Iovestmeot by Taiwao

Arab

ministers

try to solve

university's

BAHRAIN (R) — Education

ministers from seveo Gulf

Arab states met in Bahrain

Tuesday to discuss the finan-

cial plight of the Arabian Gulf

University, which owes mil-

lions of dollars to foreign con-

The cootractors said they

expected the ministers from

Bahrain, Iraq, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the

United Arab Emirates (UAE),

the university's founding

states, to act on its estimated

20-million-dinar (\$53 million)

They said they would have

to take their case to court if no

"Everything hinges on the outcome of this meeting... they

will discuss a payment for-mula for the debt and for the

university's operation," one of

"If the results are not

Regular payments to the

four main contractors who

built the 41-million-dinar (109

million) campus stopped io

1986. But they cootioued

work, finishing the project in

The firms are South Korea's

Daelim Industrial Company

Taiwan's Ret Ser Engineering

Agency, Sandi Arabia's Rabya

Landscaping Limited and the

UAE-Australian joint-veoture

They were owed initial fees

of 12 million dinars (\$33 mil-

lioo) bot interest and com-

pensation for additional costs

have ocarly doubled that

Industry sources say low oil

prices in the mid-1980s and the

eight-year Iran-frag war

undermined the ability of some

of the university's founders to

meet their ficancial commit-

They camed the UAE and

Iraq as the maio non-payers.

Saudi Arabia, Kowait and Bahrain had paid in full.

The massive university, sup-

posed to accommodate 5,000

students, has also had difficulty

meeting its running costs.

meots.

国际社会的基础的证据

Al-Habtoor Leightoo.

favourable from our point of

solution was found.

the cootractors said.

problems

would reap motual benefits for both Taiwan and Saudi Arabia," he said in an interview.

Ni said Saudi Arabia is an ideal place for investment for Taiwan manufacturers of petrochemicals and chemicals, who are facing rising wages, a labour shortage and skyrocketing land prices at

The state-owned Taiwan Fertitiser Company has a joint venture urea plant with the Saudi Basic Industries Corporation in Jubail, more than 100 kilometres north of Dhahran, he said.

The 350 million U.S. dollar plant, capable of producing be-tween 600,000 and 630,000 tonoes of urea a year, has been operating successfully since 1984. A company official said Taiwan fertiliser was making a feasibility study for the establishment of two to three joint venture chemical

biggest oil producer in the United

Arah Emirates (UAE), will supp-

ly 100,000 tonnes per month,

25,000 barrels per day (bpd), of

crude to North Yemen in the

July-December period, oil indus-

They said the crude will be

processed in Aden's refinery in

South Yemeo to make up for

dwindling Soviet crude sopplies.

neighbour in the North are ex-

pected to announce the merger of

their two countries at the end of

The agreement was signed in

Abu Dhabi Monday between

senior officials of the Abu Dhabi

National Oil Company (ADNOC) and a visiting North Yemen oil delegation, the sources said.

"The agreement should be

seen in the perspective of Arab

brotherhood," one oil industry

executive said. He said the crude

oil would most probably be used

for domestic refined prodocts

consumption needs of the united

Both North and South Yemen

are oil producers.

The Soviet Umon for several

years has supplied around 50,000

as there is no pipeline linking

disarray in April, with industrial

output, investment, labour pro-

ductivity and exports all sharply

down oo a year ago, figures from

the national commission of statis-

Ceausescu, who bad systemati-

cally denied his people even basic

oecessities, Romania increased

its hard currency imports by 75

This figure was maioly accounted for by raw materials

and consumer goods for a country

where shortages and rationing

The statistics commission men-

tioned imports during April of meat, frozen fish, edible oil, dairy

products, rice and citrus fruit, but

Most of these products were

per cent over April 1989.

had become a way of life.

gave no figures.

tics showed Monday.

bod of crude to South Yemen to Abu Dhabi.

Aden from Shabwa at a rate of billion barrels.

BUCHAREST (R) — Romania's 24-year reign. ecocomy plunged further into Imports from

be processed at the Aden refinery Both Yemens hope to boost oil

to the refinery. Oil is trucked to reserves of both total around 4.75

Romania's economy

plunges into disarray

Following the overthrow last the year ago performance, but December of dictator Nicolae this was partly accounted for by a

unavailable during Ceausescu's overall on the year-ago figures,

The esti

Socialist South Yemen and its

try sources said.

this month.

Yemen.

Abu Dhabi to supply

DUBAI (R) - Abu Dhabi, the 15,000 bpd.

Yemen with crude oil

husioessmeo in the kiogdom plants in the kigndom. Another state-owned firm, the China Steel Corporation, also plans to set up a joint venture aluminium plant in Saudi Arabia. A company official said a proposal for the venture, capable of producing 210,000 tonnes of minium a year, is now before the cabinet for final approval. He declined to give investment fi-

> Taiwan's daily oil imports from Saudi Arabia account for about 150,000 barrels or 35 per cent of its total needs.

Its two-way trade with Saudi Arabia rose to 1.94 billion U.S. dollars in 1989 from 1.87 billion in 1988, according to official fi-

"Increasing our investment in Saudi Arabia will help to boost two-way trade between Taiwan and the kingdom," an official at the board of foreign trade said.

Sources said although the

Soviet-South Yemen crude supp-

ly agreement runs until the end of

this year, Moscow has reduced

supplies. The new level of Soviet

supplied by Abu Dhabi will most probably be sold on deferred

payment basis and the agreement

might be extended when it ex-

Sources said the agreement

would probably not put extra

strain on the UAE's pledge to cut

200,000 bpd of its crude output in

the May-July period from its de-clared 2.1 million bpd output in

"The UAE hopes to get a higher output limit at the OPEC

(Organisation of Petroleum Ex-

porting Countries) meeting at the

end of July and the agreement to

supply crude to North Yemen

does not start before July any-

way," one oil industry source

The UAE rejects its 1.095 mil-

lion bpd OPEC output quota on

the grounds that it is too small for

its needs. ft keeps its output

million of which is produced by

production in the coming years.

Imports from the "socialist countries" were down by 26 per

cent, while exports to this bloc

April 1989 figure.

were down to 68 per cent of the

Exports to Western countries

fared even worse at 51 per cent of

the year ago performance, but

reduction in exports of foodstuffs

and petroleum products needed

Mooday, but previously published annual figures for 1989

recorded exports to the socialist

roubles (\$7.8 billioo) against im-

ports of 5.13 billion roubles (\$8.6 billion), and hard currency ex-

ports of \$5.99 billion. against

The good oews for Romania's

23 millioo people was that sales of

consumer goods rose 18 per ceot

onports of \$3.47 billion.

Only percentages were issued

around two million bpd.

pires in December.

Oil industry sources said the oil

oil imports was unavailable.



Alan Greenspan

Greenspan warns against banking

CHICAGO (AP) - Closing the United States to competition from foreign banks would be ineffective and would prompt retaliation against U.S. banks, Greenspan told a congressional

U.S. banks need reduced regulation, not protection from overseas financial institutions, to compete in a rapidly changing interoational marketplace, Greenspan and other witnesses told a subcommittee of the house banking, finance and urban affairs com-

"It would clearly be counterproductive to close our markets to foreign competition merely because foreign markets are less open than we like," Greenspan testified. "Such an action would invite retaliation and would not

Greenspan said foreign companies simply would funnel their transactions through offshore banks that continue to do business in the United States. He also said removing the competition of foreign banks would reduce the pressure to update banking regulations, thereby delaying needed

countries plan to eliminate many internal trade barriers, forming a market the subcommittee's witnesses said would surpass the United States in size and wealth. Some witnesses criticised U.S.

"We believe the system now hampers the ability of our financial institutions to effectively compete in the marketplace, said L. William Seidman, chairman of Corporation. "It's hard to think of what more we can do to

handicap our banks." Bot Greenspan said the na-tion's low saving rate also hamcountries of 4.64 billion Soviet pers the competitiveness of U.S. hanks io foreign markets by

protectionism

Federal Reserve Chairman Alan panel Monday.

he very effective in any case,"

changes and harming U.S. banks

The subcommittee was meeting in Chicago to assess the competi-tiveness of U.S. banks against their Far East counterparts.

But witnesses also said the nation's banks soon could face stiff international competition from European banks. By Jan. 1, 1993, European

regulations that bar banks from certain lines of business. They said these regulations make it more expensive for banks to attract deposits. That, in turn, limits the ability of U.S. banks to compete against foreign banks that are faced with fewer restrictions, the witnesses said.

the Federal Deposit insurance

lowering the amount of money available to banks to loan.

Committee members and speakers disagreed on what steps would strengtheo U.S. banks' ability to compete overseas.

Losing MFN status would hurt China

PEKING (R) — China will lose \$10 billion in exports to the United States if Washington revokes its preferential trade status, a Chinese trade official said Tues-

Shen Jieren, a deputy foreigntrade minister, also warned that withdrawing the trade status might backfire by reducing U.S. exports to China and jeopardising China's fragile policy of opening itself to the outside world.

"We hope it doesn't happen, but if it did, it would have a very big impact on Chinese exports, he told a news conference.

"Both Chinese and Hong Kong exports would be affected," he added. The United States last year was China's biggest export market at \$12 billion, according to U.S. statistics. President George Bush has

come under pressure in the United States to scrap China's mostfavoured-nation (MFN) status by June 3 in protest against Peking's bloddy crackdown on dissent nearly a year ago.

The original preference agreement was reciprocal, Shen said. "If the United States withdraws this kind of treatment, China will do the same," he said.

China's MFN status gives it the lowest possible tariffs on exports to the U.S. market. Main Chinese exports to the United States include textiles, electronics

and toys. Shen said the \$10 billion he believed China stood to lose did not include a likely ripple effect in unemployment and loss of technology that the country would suffer.

He did not explain how he reached the figure of 10 billion and did not specify a period of time over which the exports would be lost, China last year had a \$6.2 billion trade surplus with the United States, according to U.S. statistics.

The United States has enjoyed benefits from giving China preferential status, Shen said. "Consumers can enjoy low

prices, farmers can sell us their grain and manufacturers can sell their products to the Chinese market," he said.

Earlier this year China laun-

ched a campaign to cut imports and expand exports. Leading officials have recently been quoted in the official media as saying protectionism is beneficial to local industries.

The American Chamber of Commerce in Peking said in a statement Tuesday that curtailing the most-favoured-nation status would have immediate and severe adverse effects on the commercial interests of American businesses in China.

Two decades of steadily improving bilateral commercial relations would be jeopardised overnight," it said.

Diplomats and foreign analysts said China, currently the biggest buyer of U.S. wheat, would try to buy from other countries if it lost its special status. In the past two years it has

bought nearly 14 million tonnes of grain from the United States.

Course of reforms Shen warned that losing the

special trade status would hurt the course of China's economic reforms and the open-door poli-

"f know that many friends of ours bope China will continue with reforms and openness, but this withdrawal would go against opening and reform," Shen said.

A Western diplomat said there was more than a 50 per cent. chance that Bush would decide to withdraw China's most-favourednation status.

"I think he's really angry at how little China has done to improve its human-rights record. His mood has definitely changed during the past few months," the diplomat said.

In Washington, Senate Republican leader Robert Dole Monday said that until the United States had clear proof that China had improved its human-rights policies, the administration should renew the preferential status for one year at a time. China last week announced the

release of 211 prisoners locked up for activities in last year's unrest. Diplomats said the move was aimed at persuading Washington not to revoke its special trade

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY MAY 16, 1990 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: This is a day to avoid getting into conversations with those who want to pick your brain and offer little in return. Upsets on the domestic scene require immediate attention.

ARIES: (March 2I to April 19) ral activities seem dull and Your us you are tempted to go off to some different interests but it could to real trouble so be steadfast.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) You want to have a good time and can work on making such arrangements but its essential you keep the cost down or you can endanger your security GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) It

will be necessary that you very carefully calendar your hours so that on the one hand family matters are attended to and also world-

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Stick to making the comations and outside duties facing you and put off doing some projects with an insistent bore till better 'day.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Keep your purse zipped when strongly pressured to put out than you can afford for some recreation or entertainment that appeals to you.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Its best that you be off doing personal tasks rather than going

along with what a member of your household has been urging you to

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) You have many tasks to get done before today so confine yourself to them instead of yielding to desire to get off to a hobby.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) You think you can get rid of one whose been hammering at you for some practical benefits don't ignore and be friends with

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Forget yourself in doing what one who is in the outside world and who can aid you in career, credit or civic conditions

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Separate your time so you can both make new inroads in loing what pleases your attachment as well as go along with fine

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The state of the s

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) A time acquaintance can so engross you if you allow that you do not get around to carrying through with promises you have

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Don't get yourself in the middle in a situation between one in power and an associate who plays a big part in your life or you take the



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Pound Sterling Deutschemark Swiss franc

671.0 1120.3 1127.0 407.6 478.0

Japanese yen (for 100)	441.2	443.8
Dutch guilder	360.6	362.8
Swedish crown	111.1	111.8
Italian lira (for 100)	55.1	55.4
Belgian franc (for 10)	196.2	197.4

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

One Sterling One U.S. dollar

1.6438/45 1.8470/80 1.3925/35 33.96/34.01 5.5325/75 1207/1208 150.60/70

1.6862/72

1.1770/80

5.9985/6.0035 6.3885/3935 6.2635/85

Swiss francs ftalian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns

One ounce of gold 366.80/367.30

Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Belgian francs French francs

Danish crowns U.S. dollars

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

TOKYO - Tokyo stocks closed easier as arbitraegeurs unwound long stock-index positions. The Nikkei Index was down 45.61 points at 32,997.04 SYDNEY - Australia's sharemarket closed weaker in lacklustre

trade, losing ground in early profit taking. The all Ordinaries Index was 9.4 points off at 1507.5. HONG KONG - Market talk that Chinese official Xn Jiatun

wrote a protest letter to China's top leader Deng Xiaoping led stocks to end weak. The Hang Seng fell 11.35 points to 2,965.09. SINGAPORE - The stock market closed on a weaker note as

prices succumbed to profit-taking after recent strong gains. The Straits Times Industrial Index was 5.21 points down at 1,530.86. BOMBAY — Share prices recovered Monday's losses on hopes that some reliefs to industry would be given when the 1990/91 budget comes for debate in parliament Wednesday. The Bombay Stock Exchange Index rose 12.15 points to 786.90. FRANKFURT - West German shares reversed some of their

early losses, but buying volume was not sufficient to hreak the market's fiv-day lower trend. The Dax Index of 30 leading shares closed 9.08 points lower at 1,851.25. ZURICH - Shares closed easier oo moderate volume. Foreign

buyers, the driving force behind last week's opturn, were largely absent from the market. The SPI index closed 7.6 down at PARIS - French share prices drifted lower through the day to end near the season's low, but cement maker Lafarge bucked the

trend in heavy volume. The CAC-40 Index ended 19.47 down at LONDON - Shares were lower in tentative trading as sentiment was soured by early losses on Wall Street and weakness on the June FISE futures contract. At 1630 GMT the FISE Index was down 2.3 at 2212.2.

NEW YORK --- Blue chip issues resumed their early decline as profit-taking continued to nibble at stocks. The Dow was off about six at 2815.

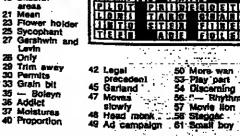
CITOX . . SHORCC SOMETHING OFTEN FOUND IN NEWS-PAPERS AND ON BEACHES. **PACRIY** Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon. (Answers tomorrow) Jumbles: HAZEL LIMBO ACTUAL RENDER Answer: A fire sale is a place where bargain hunters might get this—"BURNED" . ::

THE Daily Crossword by Stanley B. Whitten Fragrant 10 Cassette 14 Highly spiced stew Love II. style Cattle group 17 Noggin 16 Jewish festival 19 One of five lakes 20 Gas number 22 One way to secure kids -. Queen of 24 —, Queen of Scots 26 Regatta team 27 Deadlock 30 it. wine city 31 Undergo chemical change 32 Shoe part 38 Fine clothes 39 — de mer change 32 Shoe part 34 Fraiss 38 Fine clothes 39 — de mer 40 Washer cycle 41 Observed 42 Romen statesman 43 Soiro — Yesterday's Puzzle Solved: 43 Spiro — 44 King of

comedy
46 Dries up
48 Crab and
51 Pique
52 Charcosi

More snug Machele's





ECONOMY NEWS IN BRIEF

Iran oil minister delays visit

KUWAIT (R) - Iranian Oil Minister Gholamreza Aqazadeh has indefinitely postponed a visit to Kowait which was due to start Tuesday, an Iranian emhassy spokesman in Kuwait said Tuesday. "He postponed it (the visit) to another time due to unexpected business," the spokesman told Reuters without giving details. Gulf oil officials have said that Aqazadeh was due to discuss oil market conditions with his Kuwaiti counterpart, Sheikh Ali Khalifa Al-Sabah, following the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries' (OPEC) receot pact to cut output and raise prices. Tehran said this week it wanted oil prices to be "much higher" than their present levels, but Sheikh Ali is a strong advocate of a freeze of OPEC's reference price of \$18 a barrel for at least another three years. A Kuwaiti official told Reuters that Aqazadeh and Sheikh Ali were looking for a new date for the rare visit that was agreed earlier this month. The official said the postpooement was at the request of Aqazadeh who was holding talks with visiting oil minister of ooo-OPEC Oman Said Al-Shanfari. "The visit is still on and a new date will be fixed," he

Australian sheep held up at Suez Canal

CAIRO (R) — A shipload of 17,000 live Australian sheep, rejected as diseased by Saudi Arabia last week, is being prevented from passing through the Suez Canal, an Australian official said Tuesday. "We are trying to convince the Egyptian authorities that the sheep do not represent a threat. Bot we understand their concern," he told Reuters. The Saudis said the sheep had viral dermatitis, also known as scabby mouth disease. Australiau officials say the disease is classified by the World Health Organisation (WHO) as non-notifiable and is not considered a threat. The 17,000 sheep are now waiting in international waters outside the canal aboard the Arwa, a ship owned by the Saudi Livestock and Trading Company. A company official declined to say what their final destination was. Last year Saudi Arabia rejected shipments of more than 400,000 Australian sheep. claiming they were infected with different diseases. Australia suspended shipments for four months in response.

Libya cuts oil output

NICOSIA (R) - Libya said Tuesday it had cut oil output by 100,000 barrels a day (bpd), more than the amount requested under this mooth's OPEC pact. OPEC delegates wanted a reduction of 77,000 bpd in line with their agreement for total cuts of 1.445 million bpd to bring output down to around 22 million. "Following the receot OPEC agreement, the Socialist Peoples Libyan Arab Jamahiriah had decided to cut its production by 100,000 bpd with effect from May 4," a Libyan oil ministry official said in a telex sent to Reuters from Tripoli. He said 75 per cent of the cut would come from the giant ES Sider field, 15,000 bpd from Sarir and 5,000 bpd each from Amna and Bu Attifel fields.

Lot orders Boeing planes

WARSAW (R) - Poland's national carrier Lot has ordered five U.S. Boeing 767-300 medium-range aircraft and 10 short-haul airliners from the Franco-Italian group Avious de Transport Regional (ATR), the official news agency PAP reported. PAP said Monday the five 269-seat Boeings would be delivered between 1994 and 1996, but did not put a value on the order.

Willen Very

والمراجع والأنبي يعيره والخطاف والموادية

Benn fights Barkley

LONDON (AP) — Britain's Nigel Benn will face Iran Barkiey of the United States in his first defence of the World Boxing Organisation (WBO) middleweight crown at a British venue Aug. 18.

Hober 23 to lease to be an interest because the practical base and be friend:

Forget your and who can it.

or civic cont.

(December: parate you be take new into: comer you ee go along with

annary 21 will acquaintance a you allow its round to continue to promise a p

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NEWS-

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SWEIS LONDON RENDER

argain hunds

ID ON

ES.

American promoter Bob Arum said Monday the most likely wenne was Old Trafford soozer stadium in Manchester and that both boxers would be guaranteed at least \$1 million.

But one issue which needs to be sorted out is an eye problem which has troubled Barkley, the former World Boxing Council (WBC) middleweight champion. The American had an opera-

tion in December, and reports at the time said it was for a damaged, rather than a detached, The British Boxing Board of

Control have a strict medical rule governing the return of boxers after detached retina treatment. "The British medical panel are dead set against people who have had eye damage like this returning to the ring," board socretary John Morris said.

WITH OMAR SHARIT

1990 Tribune Media Services, Inc

Both vulnerable. West deals,

0 QJ842

A K 8 7 2 EAST

○ A 5 ♣ 10 6

A 10863

The bidding:
West North East Somb

1 V 2 2 He 3 V Sorth

Pass Pass Pass
Opening lead: King of V

This is a theme we've used before,

but it never ceases to amaze us how

an apparently certain trick can be made to vanish into thin sir. How

would you play five diamonds after the lead of the king of bearts?

North's jump to two no trump.
was "unusual"—a takeout for the

minor suits. With working controls

in the major suits, a key queen in one of partner's suits and four-card

support in the other, South's leap to

five diamonds was fully justified. West led the king of hearts, and it

might seem that declarer cannot

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SOUTH

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GOREN BRIDGE

THE CASE OF THE VANISHING TRICK

Ferguson hopes for F.A. Cup salvation

of drama and disappointment, Manchester United manager Alex Ferguson looks to Wembiey Thursday as the source of his

But after watching his team draw 3-3 in Saturday's enthralling English F.A. Cup final, Ferguson knows Crystal Palace will be no easy opponents in Thursday evening's replay.

Despite starting as favourites for a seventh title, United came close to a historic defeat due to some appalling goalkeeping by Scotland international Jim Leighton and two fine goals by Palace's second-half substitute

But United's £13 million (\$20 million) line-up still looks likely to triumph in the end, despite the defensive gaps and several missed chances in Saturday's match.

There were times when we didn't defend well," Ferguson admitted then in a piece of understatement that could sum up the season speot perilously close to the relegation zone.

Booed by the fans earlier in the season and with the media busily predicting his imminent departure, Ferguson has relied on success in the F.A. Cop as a managerial lifeline.

avoid losing two trump tricks and a

heart. But don't throw in the towel

just yet. Cash the queen of clubs, cross to

the king and lead the see. If East

does not ruff, or ruffs high, discard

your heart loser and you will lose only two trump tricks. Therefore, East must ruff low. You overruff, cash the ace of spades and ruff a

spade in dummy. Now ruff a club in

Return to the board with a spade ruff (West can't ruff high in front of

dummy because you will shed its heart loser) and lead the good club.

Again, East cannot ruff. This time, however, you discard your heart los-

er as West ruffs with a low trump.
You ruff West's heart return and

lead a trump, and great is the fall

thereon. The ace and king of trumps

crash on the same trick and the con-

about this. Your contract makes an

time that clubs are 3-3, when either

defender has a singleton trump hon-or and only two clubs, or when the

cords lie as in the diagram. And

there is no other way to play the

There was nothing miraculous

tract rolls home.

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RAINBOW

BATMAN

hand, setting up a long club.

knowledge that the last time United drew an F.A. Cup final -against Brighton in 1983 after almost losing - they easily won

the replay 4-0. The final replay is the fourth in the last 10 years and will go to a penalty shoot-out for the first time in F.A. Cup history if it again ends in a draw after extra-

South Londoners Palace, enjoying their first F.A. Cup final, are happy in the knowledge that they have already achieved far more than they dreamed of at the start of the season.

They have also turned a tidy profit from the cup, with manager Steve Coppell expected to have un extra £750,000 (\$1.2 millioo) to speod oo players next season. 'We baven't any dehts. We

don't owe anybody anything. So unless we throw it away, we've got it to spend," Palace Chairman Ron Noades said of the unexpected cup windfall.

Both clubs hope to bave fullstrength squads although United have a worry about defender Gary Pallister, who damaged an ankle Saturday and has only a 50-50 chance of playing.

He can take comfort from the ley, who was on loan from Luton until last Saturday, but the Football League has granted him a week's extension.

displays

and a new attitude.

in first-round action.

Argentina.

advanced.

new style

WEST BERLIN (AP) - Former

French Open champion Hana

Mandlikova returned to tennis

Monday at the \$500,000 German

Open with a new training method

The 15th-seeded Mandlikova,

who last played a tournament six

weeks ago, downed Shaun Staf-

ford of the United States 6-4, 6-3

Isabel Cneto of West Germany

was the only seed to be ousted.

The no. 11 seed lost 4-6, 7-6, 6-1

to qualifier Florencia Labat of

In other matches, no. 9 seed

Judith Wiesner of Austria, 10th

seed Nathalie Tauziat of France, 13th seed Leila Meskhi of the

Soviet Union, 14th seed Catarina Lindqvist of Sweden and 16tb

seed Sandra Cecchini of Italy all

Meskhi had the most impress-

ive win of the day in overwhelm-

ing Amaoda Coetzer of South Africa 6-0, 6-0.

into the second round.

The top eight seeds all had byes

Mandilkova, who has earned a

reputation for being unpredict-

able and ofteo bot beaded,

showed none of those traits as she

outplayed the 73rd-ranked Staf-

Unlike many of ber counter

parts, the 28-year-old Australia

resident has cut down on practice

and believes that will add a oew

"As for the way I am on the

Top seed Steffi Graf, ranked

no. 1 in the world, faces qualifier

Mercedez Paz of Argentina

Newly crowned Italian Open

champion Monica Seles of

court, well, I am not so emotional

now, but I think that's because I

am older," she said.

Wednesday.

dimensioo to ber game.

Palace's Wright, who broke his leg twice in three months this season, is expected to start on the bench agaio Thursday due to continued doubts about his fitness over 90 minutes.

The replay has also caused mayhem with international fixtures involving British and Irisb teams and has also affected the Uruguayan national team's

World Cup warm-up plans. The Uruguayans had been due to play Northern Ireland in Belfast Thursday but the game was postponed by a day in order to guarantee sufficient revenue from

"We require an income of £80,000 (\$128,000) to break even and there is oo way we would have got that in competition with the cup final replay," Irish Foot-ball Association Secretary Dave

England manager Bobby Robsoo has also had to do without midfielder Bryan Robsoo, bidding to become the first captain to wio the cup three times, for England's friendly international

U.S. announces **World Cup team**

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colorado (AP) - There were no surprises when the United States World Cup soccer team was announced. The Americans hope to save their surprises for he

If the Americans have any success at the World Cup, beginning June 10 against Czechoslovakia, it would be a major surprise. In its first World Cup since 1950, the United States will be represented by a young, inexperienced team.

"Our team represents the mucleus of the squad which we assembled back in January 1989, said 1988 Jeep Suzuki Vitara JLX coach Bob Gansler. "Nearly 30" 1988 Jeep Suzuki Vitara JLX matches and countless practice sessions later, we feel that these athletes are ready for the ultimate USA banner into the World Cup."

Captain Mike Windischmann is the most experienced player on the international level in U.S. history. Windischmann, 24, a defender, has made 48 international appearances and was a member of the 1988 U.S. Olympic team. Joining him on defence are Desmood Armstrong, Marcelo Balboa, Jimmy Banks, John Doyle, Paul Krumpe and Steve

The goalkeepers are Tooy Meola, Kasey Keller and David

Vanole. Meola is expected to be the starter. At midfield will be Paul Cali-

giuri, whose goal against Trinidad and Tobago in the final qualifying game got the United States into the tournament; Brian Bliss, Neil Covone, John Harkes, Chris Henderson, Tab Ramos and John Stollmeyer.

The forwards are Eric Eichmann, Bruce Murray, Chris Sullivan, Peter Vermes, and Eric

Cut were Troy Dayak, Tah Eck and Hugo Perez. Dayak and Eck were expected to be dropped. Perez has been plagued by injuries for nearly two years, including a stress fracture of his leg. a torn muscle, then a fractured right leg. His lack of playing time with the team and his questionable health cost him a spot.

At 27, Stollmeyer and Vanole are the oldest players. Henderson, 19, is the youngest. Gansler coached the U.S. ander-20 team to fourth place in

the world youth championships in-January 1989. That was the United States' highest finish ever in a major international soccer event. Gansler will be coaching only the fourth World Cup representa-tive for the United States. In its

United were also worried abagainst Denmark at Wembley out reserve goalkeeper Les Sea- Tuesday.

"I have been practising only two hours a day, but I am working 100 per ceot. ...technically if everything is working, everything falls into place. If I lose my timiog, it's difficult to play," Mandlikova said,

The United States is grouped with Italy, Austria and Czechoslovakia in the first round.

The U.S. team plays Partizan Belgrad of Yugoslavia at New Haven, Connecticut, Sunday, in a warmop game before leaving for Europe. The Americans play Liechenstein on May 30 and Switzerland on June 2 before

last appearance, in 1950 at Brazil the Americans defeated England 1-0 in one of the biggest upsets in World Cup history.

Yugoslavia will not play her first match until Thursday when she faces Nicole Jagerman of the beginning World Cup competition. Netherlands.

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Mandlikova Fiorentina faces daunting task to lift UEFA Cup

their best performance of the seasoo against Inveotes in highest scorer with 17 goals this Wednesday's UEFA Cup final season, summed up Fiorentina's

come a 3-1 first leg deficit.

A 2-0 victory would be enough to give Fiorentina their first European trophy since they won Baggio's last match for Fiorentithe Cup Winners' Cup in 1961, na. Juventus are expected to but they have not scored more than once in any match in the previous rounds.

Home leg advantage will count for nothing as Fiorentina, who field the same team that played in narrowly avoided relegation this the first leg. Brazilian internaseasoo, bave been forced to play the tie in the small-town stadium of Avellino in southero Italy because of crowd trouble during the many in Rio De Janeiro Sunday.

ziani, the former World Cup player brought in after Bruno Giorgi was sacked six weeks ago, says be has three reasons to be hopeful of a Fiorentina victory fitness, enthusiasm and 23-year old Italy midfielder Roberto

Baggio. "It's one thing to beat Juventus, but it's another to have to win by 2-0. But the genius of Baggio can make the difference. All it needs is a brilliant stroke

from him, preferably in the first

Unfurnished In Shmeisani, Swaifieh Abdoun and many other local

AVELLINO. Italy (R) — half, to put Fiorentina back on Fiorentina will oeed to produce track," Graziani said.

Baggio, the league's second second leg if they are to over-come a 3-1 first leg deficit. tactics simply. "Attack, attack, attack. "We've got to score straight away," he said.

Ironically, it is likely to be announce soon afterwards that he will be joining them next season. Graziani bas no injury prob-

lems to contend with and will tional Dunga joins the squad later

The match will be the last for But trainer Francesco Gra- Juveotus manager Dino Zoff, who has already guided the club to the Italian Cup this season and a guaranteed place in Europe next year.

Juventus, whose last European

trophy was the European Cup in 1985, are releasing the former Italian World Cup captain after two years as manager because they had already agreed to hire

Bologna coach Luigi Maifredi. The mood in the Juventus camp is relaxed despite some last-minute problems with the line-up. Defender Dario Bonetti is disqualified and midfielder Daniele Fortunato is injured.

Libero Roberto Tricella appears to have recovered just io time from a torn ligament in mid-April and Zoff is expected to move Sovier Sergei Aleinikov into a more defensive role.

The attack will be cotrusted as usual to Sicilian-born Salvatore Schillaci, who was called up for the Italian World Cup squad last

Whoever wins the cup, Italy will claim their second European title of the season after Sampdoria took the Cup Winners' Cuo

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Cincina

Performances: 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30



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Manila to end current accord on U.S. bases

MANILA (R) — The Philippines Tuesday formally notified the United States it would terminate its current military bases agreement next year, but left the door open for a new accord.

Frilippine spokesman Rafael Alunan said the United States was told the present 25-year agreement on the bases could not be extended.

With regard to negotiations is a new treaty, we are open for suggestions," he told a news con-

The United States and the Philippines began exploratory talks on the future of the largest overseas American military facilities Monday. The United States is seeking a new agreement that will enable the bases to remain into the next century.

U.S. spokesman Stanley Schrager said he did not regard the formal termination notice as meaning the United States would ahandon its giant bases at Clark and Subic, used to defend the Indian Ocean and Pacific Ocean

But Alunan said during the same briefing that the termination notice implied U.S. withdrawal from the bases unless a new pact was in place.

Schrager said be hoped the exploratory talks on the bases would not last more than a week, and would set the stage for formal negotiations. He said there was a disagree-

meni over when the current agreement expired, with the Philippines arguing it ended on Sept. 16, 1991, and the U.S. insisting it ended one year later.

But be said the United States hoped to avoid a confrontation

fuel acuce of termination is required if the agreement is not extended. President Corazon A quino had previously said it i de i og mude nedt deptember. section and not explain why the

date had been brought forward. "Today, 15 May, 1990, marks an historie moment for all Filipinos. We have taken that first step in terminating an agreement that was executed in 1947 during the days of lingering U.S. colonialism

tion in U.S. aid that is bogged

down in Congress, the White

Presidential spokesman Marlin

Fitzwater said Bush, in response

to Mrs. Chamorro's cable, called

House Speaker Thomas Foley to

reiterate his unhappiness with

Congress' slow pace on the bill.

the speaker his strong feelings

that Congress has toyed with this

"The president expressed to

House said.

in the Philippines," Alunan de-

It signalled Philippine resolve "to chart a new and truly independent course in which all dealings with foreign governments shall uphold the dignity and sovereignty of the Philippines,"

U.S. officials said security around the bases would be high on the talks' agenda following the killing of two U.S. airmen near Clark Air Base Sunday by Communist guerrillas.

Police in Olongapo, west of Manila, said a retired American serviceman was stahbed by an unknown assailant near Subic Bay Naval Base Monday evening.

His condition was not known. Aquino said Monday as the exploratory talks opened that the Philippine government was takmg all necessary measures to protect the 40,000 American military personnel and their dependants

in the country. But she said. "we cannot guarantee a 100 per cent fail-safe protection. No government can." At least 10 Americans have been killed by Communist New People's Army guerrillas in the Philippines since 1987.

Attacker arrested

Police arrested an alleged drug addict who has confessed to stabbing the retired American serviçeman, a police spokesman said Tuesday.

He said the man confessed after bis arrest to attacking American Richard Rhodes outside a bar in Olongapo City shortly before midnight Monday.

he thin there was no indication the attack was politically motivated or related to exploratory talks in Manila on the future of U.S. military bases in the

Witnesses described the 26year-old alleged assailant as "not in his right senses."

sent an urgent plea to President and repatriate the contra rebels, the adjustments in management,

Chamorro pleads for \$300m U.S. aid

swap — a sign of post-cold 2 U.S. airmen Communist rebels claimed responsibility for the slayings Sunday of the two American airmen war times

and warned that the killings

would continue until all U.S.

"kicked out" of the country.

military facilities and troops were

Jay-Ar Sigua, regional spokes-

man of the Communist New Peo-

ple's Army, made the claim in a

signed statement sent by courier

Tuesday to the Associated Press.

vicemen were "punished" be-

cause American troops, Central Intelligence Agents (CIA) and

other U.S. spies have increasingly

Sigua also claimed that U.S.

troops participated in the inter-

rogation of suspected guerrillas.

He said two guerrillas were tor-

tured and injected with truth

serum by their interrogators, re-

sulting in one of them going

The rebel spokesman also

claimed that American soldiers

have committed "countless

abuses" against Filipino base

workers, Filipino women and

slum dwellers living near the

63 rebels killed

in attack

In a separate development,

helicopter gunships and light

bomber aircraft pounded a Com-

munist guerrilla camp in the cen-

tral Philippines killing 63 rebels,

Area Commander Brigadier-

General Vicente Garcia said one

soldier was killed in Monday's

essault in the mountains of Hilon-

gos municipality on Leyte Island,

500 kilometres southeast of

Garcia told reporters the

casualty figures were based on a

body count. The toll could not be

Troops assaulted the rebel

The casualty toll was one of the

highest this year inflicted on the

independently verified,

ment, the military said.

New People's Army.

the military said Tuesday.

participated in the government

counter-insurgency campaign.

Sigua said the American ser-

WASHINGTON (AP) - The superpowers are about to commit an act they've tried mightily to avoid throughout 45 years of cold war: an intercontinental nuclear

exchange. This one, though, will be

Missile

friendly. Nuclear missiles of the type the Umted States and the Soviet Union had aimed across the East-West divide - but are now withdrawing - are to he propped up, painted and polished, side by side, in museums in Washington and Moscow.

It's a small sign of fast-changing times in which military competition is lessening and new symbols of superpower cooperation are replacing cold war confronta-

A Soviet SS-20 and an American Pershing 2 - minus their nuclear warheads - will be displayed at the Smithsonian Institution's National Air and Space Museum. They'll stand in the milestones of Flight Gallery, amid such aviation icons as the 1903 Wright. Brothers original flier, the Spirit of St. Louis and a replica of Sputnik 1, the Soviet satellite that was the first manmade object placed in Earth's

A separate exhibit in the museum's space hall will display nictures of the missiles; copies of the intermediate-range nuclear forces, or INF, treaty, which governs destruction of the missiles and their launchers, and chunks of destroyed INF missiles.

The Space Hall exhibit will be titled "Do Veri, No Pro Veri," The Russian proverb, meaning "trust, but verify," was then-President Reagan's favourite way of describing the central message of the INF treaty he signed on camp after the aerial bombard-Dec. 7, 1987.

The exhibit opens on June 20. A similar display is due to open at Moscow's Central Armed Forces. Museum, the city's main military museum, sometime this summer.

On Thursday, a team of American officials will arrive in Moscow to swap a disarmed Pershing 2 for the SS-20 that will be ship-ped in five pieces to the Smithsonian. Later this month, Soviet technicians are to fly to Washington to assemble the SS-20, whose 16.5-metre length will barely fit inside the museum. The slimmer, lighter, faster and more modern

Pershing 2 is 10 metres long. Smithsonian officials had wanted the missiles in place by the time Soviet President Mikhail S. Gorhachev arrived in Washington on May 30 for a summit meeting with President George Bush, said Gregg Herken, chairman of the museum's

Space History Department. But bureaucratic obstacles set back the original schedule, and Herken said it was not certain whether the exhibit would be finished before Gorbachev leaves

"It's possible we'll be assemb-ling the SS-20 here while the summit is going on," he said, adding that it will be the first Soviet missile ever displayed at:

the Smithsonian. Herken acknowledged that the exhibit is a departure from the Air and Space Museum's usual practice of showcasing peaceful advances in technology and human accomplishment. He said the museum wanted to commemorate not the missiles themselves but the landmark agreement that

"That is an icon of human achievement," he said. The SS-20 is the main Soviet missile being destroyed under terms of the INF treaty, which banned all U.S. and Soviet landbased nuclear missiles with ranges of 310 to 3,140 miles (500 to 5,500 kilometres). The American missiles in this category are the Pershing 2 and Tomahawk

deployed in five Enropean NATO countries. The SS-20, which Moscow began deploying in 1979, carries three nuclear warheads with a total destructive power of 750 little wear. Diaries, newspaper kilotons, the equivalent of 750,000 tons of TNT. That is

troyed Hiroshima in 1945. The single-warhead Pershing 2 carried a 50-kiloton warhead and has deployed in West Germany

missiles and putting them on public display began with two Air and Space Museum curators, Frank Winter and Paul Ceruzzi, who noticed a 1988 newspaper article on the INF treaty that said both sides would be allowed to keep up to 15 disarmed missiles for "static display."

Rebel victory should accelerate Angola peace process — Savimbi

MAVINGA, Angola (AP) — Guerrilla leader Jonas Savimbi said his forces' stand against a government offensive marked the rebels' biggest battlefield victory and would speed up efforts to end the 15-year civil war.

UNITA (National Union for the Total Independence of Angola) halted the 137-day offensive by Marxist government troops last week in a 36-hour battle ontside Mavinga, a strategic town in the rebel stronghold of southeastern Angola.

"Our victory at Mavinga will accelerate the peace process,"
Savimbi told journalists Sunday night in a bunker at the UN-ITA compound near the town. "The situation (throngbout Angola) is so bad, no one can refuse to talk for peace."

A United Nations team that recently visited the soutwestern African nation estimated 300,000 Angolans face starvation because of war and drought.

Savimbi said the fighting at Mavinga was the largest and most important battle since war between the U.S.-backed guerrillas and Soviet- and Cuban-supported government troops broke out in 1975, the year Angola gained independence from Portugal.

The warring parties met last month in Portugal for what Savimbi termed "exploratory contacts." He said he expected additional talks within two to three weeks at a time and place

set by Portuguese officials. Last month's meeting marked the first direct contact between the two sides since Savimbi and Angolan President Jose Eduardo Dos Santos agreed last June to a ceasefire at a summit in neighbouring Zaire. The ceasefire collapsed within days.

Savimbi said up to 12,000 guerrillas and 10,000 government troops were involved in the fighting around Mavinga that ended on May 7.

The government has denied its forces were beaten, saying they decided to leave Mavinga because it was no longer strategical-

UNITA said the government forces ran out of food and water and were forced to retreat.

More than 1,000 government soldiers were killed, according to UNITA. The rebels declined to give their own casualty figures. but acknowledged the loss of six high-ranking commanders.

The Angolan government has said some 500 soldiers on each side died at Mavinga.

The burned-out remains of more than two dozen government military vehicles, including tanks, armoured personnel carriers and supply trucks, were strewn at a battle site about 10 kilometres

outside Mavinga. UNITA said it has salvaged dozens of additional vehicles left

behind. Large supplies of government weapons, including artillery shells and rockets were piled high on the battlefield.

When journalists toured the site Sunday, fighter planes of the government forces buzzed over-

UNITA officials say the government's Soviet-built MiG-23 fighters have been making regular bombing runs in recent weeks, but their accuracy is poor because they fly at around 9,000 metres to stay out of range of anti-aircraft Stinger missiles.
The Angolan government re-

ceives most of its military hardware from the Soviet Union. Some 50,000 Cuban soldiers have fought alongside the government forces, but about 35,000 have departed and the rest are scheduled to leave by the middle of

There was no evidence of direct Cuban involvement in the recent fighting, UNITA said.

UNITA is receiving an estimated \$50 million in assistance this year from the United States. Recent "emergency aid" included jeeps with mounted machine guns and anti-tank weapons that Savimbi said proved extremely effective.

South African soldiers, who previously fought alongside the rebels, withdrew in 1988 under the same treaty that calls for the COLUMN

Bangladesh expels 11,000 students for cheating

DHAKA (R) — Nearly 11,000 students have been expelled for cheating and violence during three days of college entry examinations last week, education officials have said. More than 200 students were arrested and 300 injured in clashes with police and about 100 teachers suspended for helping cheaters, they said. Nearly 450,000 studens are taking the month-long secondary school certificate tests in more than 500 centres. There was violence in about 70 examination centres where students demonstrated for the "right to cheat," attacked teachers and battled police with home-made bombs, stones and

Man pleads guilty in old murder case

DALLAS (AP) - A man who fled Dallas after his girifriend's 1960 shooting death and lived-anew life for almost 30 years has pleaded guilty to a murder charge. Robert Lee Mitchell, 64: left Dallas for Chicago after the shooting in 1960 and began a new life as "Billy Jackson." He married-and had five children and three grandchildren before a computer check of old warrants turned up a fingerprint connection between Mitchell and "Jackson." He was returned to Dallas late last year.

Judge uses 204 movie titles in antitrust decision

SAN FRANCISCO (AP) -Federal Appeals Court Judge Alex Kozinski, an avowed film buff, couldn't resist using 204 movie titles in an antitrust decision. In a 25-page decision Wednesday for the 9th U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals, Kozinski rejected a federal antitrust suit; accusing theatre operator Raymond Syufy of monopolising the first-run film market in Las Vegas. By Kozinski's account, the trial lasted not eight days or nine, but exactly "8 1-2," as in the title of a Fellini film. Syufy was "somewhat of a local hero." the judge wrote. Another chain "stepped into the major leagues, and against all odds" began competing seriously.

Not easy to be Zsa Zsa sister -- Eva Gabor

LOS ANGELES (AP) - It is not easy being Zsa Zsa Gabor's sister. Eva Gabor, whose Bel-Air mansion is a short distance from Zsa Zsa's estate, complains that people often mix her up with her Hungarian-born sister. But Zsa Zsa also has suffered an occasional identity crisis: When she was tried and convicted last fall of slapping a police officer, witnes-ses testified that they recognised ber from an old television series, Green Acres. Actually, it was Eva who appeared in the series. "Why should we be linked together, dahlink? That annovathe hell out of me. Because we have very different lives and what is white for her is black for me," the 69-year-old Eva said in a recent interview. "Of course, she's my sister and I love her.". "But I don't necessarily approve of certain things she does, nor does she of what I do. I just think: it's so unfair, and I suffer a lot for it." Eva Gabor went into "serious hiding" during her sister's legal problems, but she conceded: "It's awfully boring to be called the good Gabor."

Man robs a bank: to pay a tip

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah (AP). - A man who wanted to treat his waitress properly took things too far, police said, robbing a bank to come up with her tip. The man, whom police described as a shirtless transient, became concerned when he went to pay the \$4 bill-for his lunch at the downtown Golden Spike Restaurant. "After he ate, he told the waitress, T. don't bave enough money for a tip, but I'm going to go rob a bank and I'll be back." said Dolores Steggell, supervisor of the restaurant. The man allegedly walked across the street to First Interstate Bank, told the teller he had a gun and demanded all of the \$20-bills, said Salt Lake Police Lieutenant Joel Campbell. He fled the bank clutching about \$1,200 in his hand and entered. the restaurant, where he gave the waitress a \$2 tip, Steggel said Before he was able to leave, police arrived, arrested thin and recovered the money - metading

Sikh militants kill 7 in Punjab

AMRITSAR, India (R) - Sikh militants dressed in security force uniforms dragged seven men from India's outcaste Harijan community from their homes, lined them up in a Punjab village and killed them, police said Tuesday.

They said the seven were shot late Monday in Daruwal village, 45 kilometres north of the Sikh holy city of Amritsar. A woman was injured when she tried to

prevent the militants from dragging her husband away. Police said the militants were wearing uniforms of the Paramilitary Border Security Force,

Former

forest

prisoners

which guards the Punjab border with Pakistan.

The attack was the third of its kind in the area in the past two weeks and was carried out by Satnam Singh Satta, who calls himself chief general of the Khalistan Liberation Force, one of several groups fighting for an independent Sikh state, police

Police said Satta left a note at the scene saying: "As long as fake encounters continue and police continue to kill Sikh youths, we will continue to kill in retalia-

kill suspected extremists to avoid hringing them to trial and then say the extremists died in gunfights. The government denies the allegations. The killings appeared to be an

Sikh militants say police often

attempt to trigger clashes between Punjab's majority Sikhs and Harijans, formerly called untouchables, who form nearly 10 per cent of the prosperous agricultural state's 17 million population, police said. Some Harijans have converted

to Sikhism in Punjab, others remain Hindu

MOSCOW (AP) - Maverick politician Boris Yeltsin has announced he would run for president of the Soviet Union's outcome.

COCOA, Florida (AP) - Stanley Majcher and John Van Vliet Jr. found out during World War II what Moscow only admitted last month: The Red Army was responsible for the Katyn Forest massacre in Poland.

Majcher was a prisoner of the Soviets in a camp considered the last stop before execution. He remembers the epitaphs Polish officers scrawled in blood on prison walls before they were led off to their deaths in 1940.

"They knew they were going to die. They cut their hands and fingers and used their bleeding fingers to write their names on iail cell walls at Starobielsk," said Majcher, who was spared at the last minute when word got out of

the mass shootings. Van Vliet was a U.S. army colonel captured by the Germans and taken to the forest in May 1943 to witness the exhumation of the mass graves containing at least 4,800 bodies. He left convinced the slayings were carried out by the Russians in 1940, well before Germans occupied the forest.

"I didn't want to believe the Germans — they were the enemy, my captors," Van Vliet said, thinking at the time he was being used for propaganda pur-DOSES.

When freed after the war. Van Vhiet said, be gave a report of bis visit to the death site to U.S. military intelligence officials. He and other officers agreed

that the victims could not bave been frontline soldiers since their uniforms and footwear showed clippings and other evidence found in the graves indicated that almost all were officers and were killed in the spring of 1940 in territory then held by the Soviets. Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev announced in April that

the crime, which has poisoned Soviet-Polish relations for years, was committed at Stalin's direc For some central Florida resi-

dents, the reports have stirred memories that had dimmed since the massacre 50 years ago. Majcher, a former fighter pilot who now lives in Cocoa, was beld captive by the Soviets for 18

Yeltsin seeks top post in Russian Republic

largest republic but said he expected strong opposition from the Communist Party apparatus.

Yeltsin, a highly popular figure due to his anti-clite stance and his calls for more radical reform, made the announcement to several hundred people who gathered to view a new film on his life. Yletsin, a leader of a group of

legislators that is demanding quicker and more thorough reforms, also took advantage of the occasion to get in several verbal punches at President Mikhail Gorbachev.

He accused Gorbachev of being "in a state of panic," saying the president had "lost control of himself and lost political control of the country."

The Congress of the Russian Federation, the giant republic of 150 million people that stretches from the Baltic and BlackSeas in the west to the Pacific in the east, is scheduled to open Wednesday. It chooses the Russian president.

Yeltsin said be expects his main opponent for the presidency to be Alexander Vlasov, a non-voting member of the Communist Party's politburo and current prime minister of Russian Republic. He portrayed Vlasov as the "appar-

Speaking Monday night at Moscow's Union of Cinematographers' Club, Yeltsin said the Communist Party had gathered about 200 of the Russian congress deputies at a special meeting Saturday and Gorbachev had recommended Vlasov to them as the next president.

Assessing his chances of being elected, he said that about a third

of the deputies backed him firmly, a would surely surely oppose him and the rest would decide the

Yeltsin was easily elected to the Russian Congress in March elections, gathering 72 per cent of the vote in his home city of Sverdlovsk in the Ural Moun-

The vote further cemented his status as a favourite of the masses, and a whose popularity stems largely from his image as a campaigner against "apparatchiks" and a former victim of the apparatus himself.

Yeltsin was dumped from his joh as Moscow party chief in late 1987 for his outspoken criticism of Gorbachev's reforms. He was later given a state post in construction with the rank of minister.

At the congress, Yelstin has emerged as a leader of the fledgling opposition to Communist Party leaders and has continued to push for faster reforms.

Yeltsin pledged Monday he would belp Russia gain more rights in the Soviet Union, saying that as things stand, Russia "follows the lead of the centre. It has no policies of its own, foreign or domestic. He said his programme as pres-

ident would include doing away with all government ministries and merging the KGB with the police. Yeltsin, who underwent a back

operation in Spain recently and has been hospitalised several times with heart problems, tried to allay concerns about his health.

He said Spanish doctors gave him a complete medical check and pronounced to be "a unique specimen of bomo sapiens."

Exiled Tibetans elect 3 of 7 cabinet seats

DHARMSALA, India (AP) -A move to reform the increasingly ineffective Tibetan government-in-exile completed its first step Tuesday but faced strong conservative opposition to changes instituted by the Dalai

On Monday, 368 representa-tives of the 120,000 overseas Tibetans elected for the first time the government-in-exile's Kashag, or cabinet.

But only three of the seven seats were filled. Conservative opponents of the Dalai Lama's

plan to separate himself from the day-to-day governing of the Tibetan movement handed in blank ballots and dropped out of the race for cabinet seats.

Two rounds of voting were held Monday in Dharmsala, the porthern Indian town that is the headquarters of the Dalai Lama and his government-in-exile. Three candidates were elected in the first round, but in the second round none of the 12 candidates received the necessary 70 per cent of the votes, according to vote tallies completed Tuesday.

ving women's status, access to mark could be missed yet again. education, health and access to In that case the world could be family planning. headed towards an eventual total of up to 14 billion people," she The U.N. Population Fund re-commended that spending on Asked about the effect on family planning in developing population growth of Pope John countries be doubled to \$9 billion Paul II's speeches against artificial (UNPF). the end of the century. birth confrol during his Third World travels, Mrs. Sadik said: "When the Pope visits some Afri-Every year during the 1990s. Mrs. Sadik said she hoped the United States would resume sup-

Over the decade, a billion vetoed the bill. Only six years ago, the report more people wil inhabit the planet, equivalent to an extra "The 1990s will see faster in-

slower than expected." According to the latest U.N. projections, the report said, the

than 10 billion. In 15 countries, 13 of them in Africa, birth rates rose between

world has overshot the 1984 targets and is now on course for a final stable total nearer 11 billion

23 more countries, they feel hy less than 2 per cent, it said. In China, the world's most populous nation, which has

George Bush saying her country desperately needs the \$300-mil- \$500-million request for Panama, having to also face the fact that has been snarled in Congress for Other measures added to the legislation, ranging from space research to grasshopper control, have increased its total price tag Fitzwater called congressional delay on the measure "out-

The aid for Nicaragua, which enough troubles taking over from

Manila

Fitzwater said that Chamorro also incutioned that strikes in her country by civil servants loyal to the old Sandinista regime were rageous" and accused Congress posing "a very serious problem" of turning its back on "people with a real crying need."

The spokesman, while renew-

" Fitzwater said. "This democracy is baving

In her cable to Bush. Chamorro "lays out a very humanitarian

two months.

to \$3 billion.

bill and has ignored the real "Let's get it down here and get on with the task," Fitzwater said. problems in Panama and Nicaragua," Fitzwater said. He said Foley told Busb he would "do his best" to move the plea,

guan President Violeta Chamorro includes money to help disband

faster than ever in 1990s expulation, now 5.3 billion, will increase faster than ever in the 1990s and could almost triple in 100 years with catastrophic environmental consequences, the

annual U.N. population report

said Tuesday.
"The next 10 years will decide the shape of the 21st century. They may decide the future of the Earth as a habitation for humans," said Dr. Nafis Sadik, executive director of the United Nations Population Fund

the population wil increase by 90 to 100 million people, roughly equivalent to the current population of Eastern Europe or Central America, the report said.

China, it said. creases in human numbers than any decade in history," Mrs. Sadik told a news conference to

issue the fund's report. The choices of the next 10 years... will decide whether world population trebles or merely dou-bles before it finally stops growing. They will decide whether the pace of damage to the environment speeds up or slows down, she said.

World population growth continues to be grossly out of ba-lance, with 90 per cent of the increase in developing countries, and the higgest growth in the poorest of them, said the state of world population 1990 report.

"At the start of the 1990s the

choice must be to act decisively to

slow population growth, attack poverty and protect the environment. The alternative is to hand on to our children a poisoned inheritance," it said.

Mrs. Sadik said "the best and

quickest way to reduce popula-

tion growth" is to invest in impro-

port for the fund's activities. Last year, she said, the U.S. Congress voted to contribute to the fund but President George Bush

said, population growth appeared to be slowing everywhere except Africa and parts of South Asia and world population seemed likely to stabilise around 10.2 billion towards the end of the

"Today, the situation looks promising," it said. "Progress in reducing fertility rates has been

the early 1960s and 1980s and in

the people are very much in need of this support and aid in terms of everything from food, clothing, housing, all sorts of things," Fitz-

a Communist regime, making all

to her two-week old government. ing the administration's appeal for congressional action on the hill, said that Bush will still veto the measure if it arrives on his desk with the Senate abortion

Mrs. Sadik said family size still

increased from 2.3 to 2.5, partly

because of the age structure of

the population and rural couples

"If fertility reductions continue

to be slower than projected, the

can countries and some Latin

American countries, I think there

She noted that even the Pope

bad promoted "responsible parenthood," hut he advocated

the most difficult method "to get

She said countries in which

women had the lowest status and

participated least in society

ended to be the ones with the

highest birth rates and countries

with sustained political support

for population programme

5.25 billion people already living

in poverty, and the environment

threatened by increasing destruc-

ttion, the report said curbing

"The quality human life is in-

population growth was crucial.

separable from the quality of the

environment," Mrs. Sadik said.

"It is increasingly clear that both

are inseparable from the question

of human numbers and concen-

With 1 billion of the world's

achieved the best results.

universal acceptance for" -

is a reaction."

having more children.

World population to increase

on June 3.

brought about their destruction.

ground-launched cruise missiles

about 50 times more powerful than the atomic bomb that des-

starting in 1983. The Idea for exchanging INF

John in lite